



DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES
KAGAWARAN NG KAPALIGIRAN AT LIKAS YAMAN



MEMORANDUM

FOR : **The Directors**
Legal Affairs Service
Policy and Planning Service
Climate Change Service

All Bureau Directors

The Officer-In-Charge
Mines and Geosciences Bureau

The Administrator
National Mapping Resource and Information Authority

The General Manager
Laguna Lake Development Authority

The Officer-In-Charge
National Water Resources Board

The Executive Directors
River Basin Control Office
Manila Bay Coordinating Office
Pasig River Coordinating and Management Office

All Regional Executive Directors

FROM : **The Director**
Legislative Liaison Office

SUBJECT : **INVITATION TO FINAL JOINT COMMITTEE MEETING ON THE CONSOLIDATED SUBSTITUTE BILL OR "AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE NATIONAL FRAMEWORK FOR WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND CREATING THE DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES AND THE WATER REGULATORY COMMISSION, DEFINING THEIR MANDATES, POWERS AND FUNCTIONS, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR" FROM THE COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT REORGANIZATION AND THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC WORKS AND HIGHWAYS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES**

DATE : 01 December 2023

This refers to the electronic letter received by our Office dated 28 November 2023, the Government Reorganization joint with the Committee on Public Works and Highways of the House of Representatives will hold a meeting on **06 December 2023, Wednesday, 1:30 PM** at

Conference Rooms 3 & 4, Ramon V. Mitra Bldg, House of Representatives for its final deliberation on the consolidated Substitute Bill entitled:

- **“AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE NATIONAL FRAMEWORK FOR WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND CREATING THE DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES AND THE WATER REGULATORY COMMISSION, DEFINING THEIR MANDATES, POWERS AND FUNCTIONS, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR”**, introduced by Representatives Ferdinand Martin G. Romualdez, Yedda Marie K. Romualdez, Jude A. Acidre, et al.

In this regard, may we respectfully request your attendance. Kindly inform us of the name/s of the representative/s from your office who will participate in the meeting so we may include him/her/them as resource person/s.

Attached herewith are the Letter Invitation, and the consolidated Substitute bill for your reference.


ROMIROSE B. PADIN

cc: Undersecretary for Policy, Planning and International Affairs
Undersecretary for Integrated Environmental Science



Republic of the Philippines
House of Representatives
COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT REORGANIZATION
Committee Affairs Department
3rd Flr. Ramon V. Mitra Bldg., Batasan Complex, Constitution Hills, 1126 Quezon City
Tel. Nos. +6328931-5756 (direct) +63289315001 loc. 7179 (Trunkline)
email: committee.governmentreorganization@house.gov.ph/govreorg@yahoo.com

28 November 2023

HON. MARIA ANTONIA "TONI" YULO-LOYZAGA

Secretary

Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR)
National Ecology Center,
East Avenue, Quezon City

Dear Secretary Yulo-Loyzaga,

The Committee on Government Reorganization and the Committee on Public Works and Highways will hold a final joint meeting on the unnumbered substitute bill seeking to create the Department of Water Resources.

In this regard, we would like to invite you or your **duly authorized representative** to the meeting which will be held on 06 December 2023 (Wednesday), 1:30 P.M., Conference Rooms 3 & 4, Ramon V. Mitra Bldg, House of Representatives.

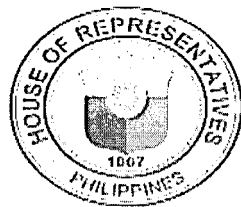
We believe that your views and comments are essential in the final deliberation of the substitute bill. Herewith is the electronic copy of the unnumbered substitute bill for your reference.

For confirmation of your attendance, please get in touch with the Committee Secretariat with e-mail address: committee.governmentreorganization@house.gov.ph or govreorg@yahoo.com or at telephone numbers 8931-5001 local 7179 or 8931-5756.

Thank you and we look forward to your significant contribution in this endeavor.

Very truly yours,


JONATHAN KEITH T. FLORES
Chairperson
Committee on Government Reorganization



Republic of the Philippines
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Quezon City

NINETEENTH CONGRESS
Second Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO.-----

(In substitution of House Bills Numbered 21, 55, 144, 482, 858, 1013, 1014, 2175, 2298, 2523, 2538, 2558, 2690, 2818, 2880, 3082, 3226, 3237, 3302, 3435, 3610, 3670, 3677, 3727, 3788, 3886, 4057, 4326, 4535, 4536, 4865, 5177, 5205, 5810, 5877, 6266, 6278, 6306, 6311, 6360, 6463, 8660, 8998, 9032 and 9133)

Introduced by Introduced by Representatives Ferdinand Martin G. Romualdez, Yedda Marie K. Romualdez, Jude A. Acidre, Joey Sarte Salceda, Edwin L. Olivarez, Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo, Michael L. Romero, Ph.D., Bernadette "BH" Herrera, Raul "Boboy" C. Tupas, Kyhmer Adan T. Olaso, Patrick Michael D. Vargas, Ambrosio C. Cruz, Jr., Ralph G. Recto, Ron P. Salo, Keith Micah "Atty. Mike" D.L. Tan, Wilbert T. Lee, Alfredo D. Marañon III Juan Carlos "Arjo" C. Atayde, Rossana "Ria" V. Vergara, Harris Christopher M. Ongchuan Joseph Stephen "Caraps" S. Paduano, Rufus B. Rodriguez, Wilter Y. Palma, Antonieta R. Eudela, Jaime R. Fresnedi, Ruth Mariano-Hernandez, Kristine Singson-Meehan, Lorenz R. Defensor, Jonathan Keith T. Flores, Paolo Z. Duterte, Eric Go Yap, Noel "Bong" N. Rivera Florida "Rida" P. Robes, Richard I. Gomez, DPA, Edvic G. Yap, Jocelyn P. Tulfo, Jeffrey Soriano, Gus S. Tambunting, Ralph Wendel P. Tulfo Shernee A. Tan-Tambut Linabelle Ruth R. Villarica, Jurdin Jesus M. Romualdo, Lex Anthony Cris A. Colada, Jefferson F. Khonghun, Princess Rihan Sakaluran, JC Abalos, Midy N. Cua, Christopherson "Coco" M. Yap, Charisse Anne C. Hernandez, Carl Nicolas C. Cari, Maria Carmen S. Zamora, Carlito S. Marquez, Ramon Jolo B. Revilla III, Bai Dimple I. Mastura, Dimszar M. Sali, David "Jay-jay" C. Suarez, Mario Vittorio "Marvey" A. Mariño, Luis Raymund "Lray" F. Villafuerte, Laarni Lavin F. Roque, Emigdio III P. Tanjuatco, Francisco Paolo V. P. Ortega, Carmelo "Jon" B. Lazatin II, Gerville "Jinky Bitrics" R. Luistro, Joseph Gilbert F. Violago, Antonio "Tonypet" T. Albano, John Tracy F. Cagas, Divina Grace C. Yu, Faustino "Inno" V. A. Dy, Jeyzel Victoria C. Yu, Jose "Bong" J. Teves Jr., Rudys Caesar G. Fariñas I, Ivan Howard Guintu, Reynante U. Arrogancia, Gabriel H. Bordado, Jr., Leody "Odie" F. Tarriela, Lordan G. Suan, Ma. Rene Ann Lourdes G. Matibag, Ching B. Bernos, Arthur F. Celeste, Raul Angelo "Jil" D. Bongalon, Rachel Marguerite B. Del Mar, Brian Raymund S. Yamsuan, Ferdinand Alexander A. Marcos, Julianne "Jam" Baronda, Mary Mitzi L. Cajayon-Uy, Josephine Veronique "Jaye" R. Lacson-Noel, Edsel A. Galeos, Faustino Michael Carlos T. Dy III, Margarita "Atty. Migs" Nograles, Wowo Fortes, Aurelio "Dong" D. Gonzales Jr., Miguel Luis R. Villafuerte, Steve Chiongbian Solon, Marlyn "Len" B. Alonte Sandro L. Gonzalez, Jose Manuel F. Alba, Romeo S. Momo, Sr., Jose C. Alvarez, Joseph S. Tan, Loreto B. Acharon, Ma. Angela S. Garcia, Teodorico Haresco, Jr., Ricardo S. Cruz, Jr., Arnan C. Panaligan, Salvador A. Pleyto, Agustina Dominique "Ditse Tina" C. Pancho, Alfonso B. Umali Jr., Alfelito "Alfel" M. Bascug, Eulogio R. Rodriguez, Yevgeny Vincente B. Emano, Eduardo Roa Rama Jr., Ma. Cynthia K. Chan, Celso G. Regencia, Ruwell Peter Gonzaga, Ma. Victoria Co-Pilar, Stella Luz A. Quimbo, Ronald V. Singson, Fernando T. Cabredo, Roy M. Loyola, Edgar M. Chatto, Edward Vera Perez Maceda, Sittie Aminah Q. Dimaporo, Sergio C. Dagooc, Danny A. Domingo and Peter B. Miguel

AN ACT
ESTABLISHING THE NATIONAL FRAMEWORK FOR WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
AND CREATING THE DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES AND THE WATER
REGULATORY COMMISSION, DEFINING THEIR MANDATES, POWERS AND FUNCTIONS,
AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

CHAPTER I
GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. *Short Title.* – This Act shall be known as the “National Water Act”.

SEC. 2. *Declaration of Policy.* – Access to water is a basic human right. All water belongs to the State which shall govern its development and utilization for the people.

It is hereby declared the policy of the State to ensure the provision of safe, adequate, affordable, and sustainable water supply and improved sanitation services, while maintaining the protection, preservation and revival of the quality of the country’s water resources and ecological balance.

In pursuit of this policy, this Act shall have the principal objective of ensuring and accelerating universal access to water supply and sanitation services, in a regulatory regime that encourages responsible private sector participation, and shall foster and prioritize the establishment of infrastructure and public works that adopt innovative solutions and international best practices to address the challenges of climate change. Further, all water and water treatment infrastructure projects are hereby declared as projects imbued with national interest.

SEC. 3. *Definition of Terms.* – As used in this Act:

- (a) *Bulk water supplier* refers to any entity, natural or juridical, whether public or private, supplying or intending to supply large quantities of raw or treated water to buyers who will use these for their own consumption, such as industrial companies, or for retail distribution to consumers such as water service providers or real estate developers managing their own distribution network.
- (b) *Environmental services* refer to qualitative functions of natural non-produced assets of land, water, and air, including related ecosystems, and their biota, and which may be categorized into three basic types: (a) disposal services which reflect the functions of the natural environment as an absorptive sink for residuals; (b) productive services which reflect the economic functions of providing natural resource inputs and space for production and consumption, and (c) consumer or consumption services which provide for physiological as well as recreational and related needs of human beings.
- (c) *Flood Control* refers to methods, acts, and protocols to be observed in order to prevent and reduce the detrimental and catastrophic effects of flood waters which include sediment-laden or turbid flows, and hyper-concentrated flows or debris flows.
- (d) *Flood Risk Management (FRM)* refers to acts of defining and determining the appropriate methods, acts, and protocols aimed at preventing and reducing the risk of loss of both life and property due to flood waters. Flood risk management consists of a cycle of prevention, mitigation, adaptation, preparedness and early warning, and response and recovery. The elements of FRM include: integrating land-use planning and coastal zone management into water management; adopting a holistic approach so that FRM is part of wider risk or multi-hazard management of earthquakes, landslides, droughts, and storm surges; managing risk and uncertainty as a whole so it not only mitigates hydrological uncertainties but also social,

1 economic and political uncertainties on account of human behavior and the cultural dimensions
2 of FRM.

3 (e) *Gender Equality* refers to the principle asserting the equality of men and women and their right
4 to enjoy equal conditions realizing their full human-potentials to contribute to and benefit from
5 the results of development, and with the State recognizing that all human beings are free and
6 equal in dignity and rights.

7 (f) *Infrastructure and public works* refer only to wholly or primarily water-related projects and
8 does not include projects that do not fall within the purview of the objectives, power and duties
9 of the Department of Water Resources created under this Act.

10 (g) *Integrated Water Resource Management (IWRM)* refers to a systematic, collaborative, and
11 multi-stakeholder process which promotes the coordinated development and management of
12 water, land, and related resources within geophysical boundaries in order to maximize the
13 resultant economic and social welfare in an equitable manner, and without compromising the
14 sustainability of vital ecosystems.

15 (h) *License* refers to the Water Supply or Sanitation Services Operating License that the Water
16 Regulatory Commission is authorized to grant and issue to service providers.

17 (i) *Licensee* refers to a service provider to whom a license is granted or issued by the Water
18 Regulatory Commission.

19 (j) *Missionary Water Services* refer to water supply or services to areas that have no existing safe
20 water supply and services due to geographic limitation or absence of economic and market
21 viability.

22 (k) *National Water Resources Management Plan (NWRMP)* refers to a policy document that
23 contains a framework to guide the development and management of all the water resources in
24 the Philippines, the general strategies and work to be pursued to ensure the sustainability of the
25 resource towards water security, and top-level direction on the utilization of existing water
26 resources in line with national development plans, policies, and programs in accordance with
27 the IWRM framework. The NWRMP shall also include a water infrastructure development
28 program or all waters of the country as well as provide general guidance on how this shall be
29 supported within an integrated financing framework that can draw from public, private, and
30 international development funding sources.

31 (l) *Net Waste Load* refers to the difference of the initial waste load of the abstracted water and the
32 waste load of the final effluent discharge of an industry.

33 (m) *River basin* refers to an area of land drained by a stream or body of fixed water and its tributaries
34 which have a common outlet for surface run-off.

35 (n) *River Basin Organization (RBO)* refers to a multi-stakeholder organizations which plan,
36 coordinate, and monitor activities within a river basin cluster.

37 (o) *Sanitation* refers to the provision of facilities and services for the safe management of human
38 excreta and wastewater, from collection to containment, and storage and treatment onsite or
39 conveyance, treatment and eventual safe end use or disposal, and includes the safe management
40 of solid waste and animal waste.

41 (p) *Sediment management* refers to control of sediment erosion and deposition in rivers, reservoirs,
42 and coastal zones through non-structural and structural measures and control works.

43 (q) *Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) also known as the 17 Global Goals* refer to the
44 universal call to action to end poverty, protect the planet and ensure that all people enjoy peace
45 and prosperity by 2030 adopted by Member States of the United Nations in 2015.

- 1 (r) *Septage* is the liquid and solid material pumped from a septic tank, cesspool, or other primary
2 treatment source.
- 3 (s) *Septage Management* refers to the provision of proper collection, treatment, and disposal of
4 septage.
- 5 (t) *Service Area* refers to the area covered by the water distribution system, sewerage or septage
6 management services.
- 7 (u) *Service Provider* refers to any entity, natural or juridical, whether private or public, providing
8 or intending to provide levels II & III water supply, including bulk water suppliers, sewerage,
9 septage treatment, and disposal services for domestic, residential, industrial, or commercial
10 use.
- 11 (v) *Sewage* refers to water borne human or animal wastes, excluding oil or oil waste, removed
12 from residences, buildings, institutions, and industrial and commercial establishments together
13 with such groundwater, surface water and storm water as may be present including such waste
14 from vessels, offshore structures, other receptacles intended to receive or retain waste or other
15 places or the combination thereof.
- 16 (w) *Sewerage* refers to any system or network of pipelines, ditches, channels or conduits including
17 pumping stations, lift stations and force mains, service connections including other
18 infrastructure, devices, or appliances appurtenant thereto, which include the collection,
19 transport, pumping and treatment of sewage to a point of disposal.
- 20 (x) *Sewers* refer to pipes or such other works or structures which are built and constructed to carry,
21 transport, and dispose sewage.
- 22 (y) *Social inclusion* refers to the process of improving the terms for marginalized and
23 disadvantaged individuals, indigenous peoples, and similar groups to take part in society.
- 24 (z) *Tariffs* refer to amounts which may be charged by licensees for their water supply and
25 sanitation services based on principles, standards, and guidelines established by the Water
26 Regulatory Commission;
- 27 (aa) *Water Demand Management (WDM)* refers to any method, whether technical, economic,
28 administrative, financial, or social, that will accomplish one or more of the following:
29 (1) Reduce the quantity or quality of water required to accomplish a specific task;
30 (2) adjust the nature of the task or the way it is undertaken so that it can be accomplished with
31 less water or with lower quality water;
32 (3) Reduce the loss in quantity or quality of water as it flows from source, through use, to
33 disposal;
34 (4) Shift the timing of use from peak to off-peak periods; and
35 (5) Increase the ability of the water system to continue to serve society during times when
36 water is in short supply.
- 37 (bb) *Water Districts* refer to government-owned and controlled corporations organized under
38 Presidential Decree No. 198, as amended, created primarily to acquire, install, operate,
39 maintain, and improve water supply and distribution systems for domestic, industrial and
40 municipal uses of residents and to provide, maintain and operate waste water collection,
41 treatment and disposal facilities within the boundaries of the district.
- 42 (cc) *Water pollution* refers to any alteration of the physical, chemical, biological, or radiological
43 properties of a body of water resulting in the impairment of its purity or quality.
- 44 (dd) *Water Resource* refers to water under the ground or groundwater, water above the ground such
45 as surface water, run-offs, floods, storm water and urban drainage, treated wastewater, water

1 in the atmosphere or rain water, and the waters of the sea within the territorial jurisdiction of
2 the Philippines.

3 (ee) *Water resource allocation* is the process of sharing the limited water resources between
4 competing users. This consists of (i) determining water availability, and (ii) determining how
5 the water should be shared among competing users. For the purposes of this Act, resource
6 allocation shall also mean *water resources allocation*.

7 (ff) *Water Resources Regions* refer to the contiguous clusters of river basins which are grouped
8 together according to the hydrological boundaries, physiographic features, and homogeneity in
9 climate, whether or not they straddle different local government units, for administrative
10 purposes under the Department of Water Resources.

11 (gg) *Water Service Provider (WSP)* refers to the water district, any Local Government Unit (LGU)-
12 run water utility, Barangay Waterworks and Sanitation Association (BWSA), Rural
13 Waterworks Sanitation Association (RWSA), cooperatives engaged in water service provision,
14 or private sector entity that provides water supply services to any given area.

15 (hh) *Water supply service* refers to any activity comprising Levels I, II and III water supply
16 including bulk suppliers, suppliers to subdivisions, and other water service providers.

17 18 **CHAPTER II**

19 **THE DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES**

20 SEC. 4. *The Department of Water Resources* – There is hereby created and established the
21 Department of Water Resources, hereinafter referred to as the Department.

22 SEC. 5. *Mandate of the Department.* –The Department shall be the primary agency responsible
23 for the comprehensive and integrated identification and mapping of all water resources, planning,
24 policy formulation, and management of the ownership, appropriation, utilization, exploitation,
25 development, and protection of water resources in the Philippines to ensure the optimal use thereof for
26 domestic and municipal water supply, sanitation, irrigation, hydropower, industry, navigation, flood
27 management, and recreation, and water utilization aspects of fisheries or aquaculture.

28 The Department shall also be the primary agency responsible for the planning and policy
29 formulation towards the attainment of universal access to safe, adequate, affordable, and sustainable
30 water supply, and improved sanitation services for all Filipinos.

31 The Department shall be the primary national agency to enforce Presidential Decree No. 1067,
32 otherwise known as *The Water Code of the Philippines*.

33 In the implementation of the Philippine Clean Water Act of 2004, the Department shall be
34 responsible for preparing, formulating and implementing a five-year plan of action for a national and
35 a regional septage management plan, which shall contain measures for the construction of wastewater
36 treatment facilities and provision, installation, operation and maintenance and, where practicable, the
37 integration of sewerage, septage management, storm water management and other sanitation facilities.
38 Compliance with the mandate to implement septage management services and systems by any water
39 service provider as mandated under the Philippine Clean Water Act of 2004 shall be reckoned within
40 five (5) years from the date of promulgation or publication of the septage management plan formulated
41 by the department.

42 SEC. 6. *Guiding Principles.* –In the pursuit of its mandate, the Department shall be guided by
43 the following key principles:

44 (a) The concept of good water governance for water security and sufficiency shall be adopted
45 across all levels of governance by stakeholders such as the national government, local

1 government units (LGUs), non-government organizations, private organizations, individuals,
2 global societal actors, and in various sectors such as water supply, irrigation, fisheries,
3 hydropower, navigation, ecosystem services, climate change, and recreation. It shall entail
4 publicly transparent, socially accountable, and multi-stakeholder participatory water policy
5 planning, management, and decision-making processes.

6 (b) Access to safe water supply and improved sanitation is a human right that needs to be fulfilled
7 and protected.

8 (c) Integrated Water Resource Management (IWRM) shall be adopted as the basic framework
9 which is the coordinated development and management of water, land, and related resources
10 within hydrological boundaries to optimize economic and social welfare without
11 compromising the sustainability of vital ecosystems. The IWRM Framework shall include an
12 enabling environment that utilizes proper policies, legal instruments, and institutional
13 frameworks for effective implementation, participatory and collaborative water policy and
14 management decisions, and management instruments for efficient use of updated and accurate
15 data, science-based decision support systems, proper information, education, communication
16 (IEC) programs, assessment and allocation tools, or regulatory functions. It shall observe the
17 mutual accountability mechanism among stakeholders at the national, regional, and global
18 levels reinforcing multi-stakeholder decision-making following a framework with specific,
19 measurable, attainable, relevant, and timely actions.

20 (d) Each river basin has its unique characteristics relating to the physical, socio cultural, and other
21 aspects, and water management shall be performed at river-basin level, involving all the
22 stakeholders at that particular river basin.

23 (e) Integrated and accurate data collection and analysis and the use of scientific decision support
24 systems shall be undertaken in water resources management including flood modeling and
25 warning systems that are essential for an effective, efficient, and sustainable water resources
26 management system.

27 (f) The state shall prioritize the development of surface water to ensure adequate and reliable
28 supply of water: *Provided*, That the development of water resources shall include strategies for
29 the mitigation of water-related hazards and climate change adaptation.

30 (g) Water resources shall be fairly and sustainably managed, and water services shall be provided
31 where they are intended and most needed.

32 (h) The proper operation and maintenance of waterworks systems resulting in the uninterrupted
33 and adequate supply and distribution of potable water for domestic and other purposes, and the
34 proper operation and maintenance of sewerage systems which are essential services to public
35 health and safety, are to be ensured at all times.

36 (i) The State recognizes the role of the private sector and mobilization of private resources in the
37 development of waterworks systems through concession agreements, joint venture agreements,
38 bulk water supply agreements, management and service agreements and other contracts for
39 water supply provision, water sanitation and treatment services, and the development,
40 operation and maintenance of water supply and septage management systems. The state shall
41 encourage the private sector to provide the needed investments for programs and projects to
42 ensure adequate water supply and promote water security.

43 SEC 7. *Objectives of the Department.* – The Department shall:

44 (a) Promote and adopt water demand management as a national policy to ensure that water is
45 optimized, that water efficiency and conservation become a way of life, that the recycling and

1 reuse of water and treated wastewater are widely practiced, that water is properly priced to
2 encourage efficient use and conservation and that rainwater, flood waters, and run-offs are
3 captured or harvested, stored and treated for future use;

- 4 (b) Prioritize and seek the immediate attainment of universal access to safe, adequate, affordable
5 and sustainable water supply and improved sanitation services for all Filipinos, either through
6 public programs and projects or public-private partnership or other mechanisms, in a manner
7 consistent with the protection, preservation, and revival of the quality of the country's water
8 resources, and to adopt all needed measures to advance the right of the people to a balanced
9 and healthful ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature: *Provided*, That the
10 Department shall pursue universal access to clean water by 2030;
- 11 (c) Strengthen and coordinate integrated water resources management planning and policy making
12 to ensure sustainable and fair allocation and efficient use of water resources among competing
13 uses and users;
- 14 (d) Ensure that integrated water resources management is strongly coordinated with land use and
15 coastal and multi-hazard planning and management;
- 16 (e) Develop sustainably, and manage water sources and water resources toward water security,
17 taking into consideration water, land, and related resources aimed at increasing water
18 dependability for different uses, optimizing economic benefits and social welfare without
19 compromising the sustainability of vital environmental systems;
- 20 (f) Strengthen and coordinate policy making and planning towards ensuring the availability of
21 water for food security and energy security, as well as towards the protection of communities
22 and environments against flood and other water induced hazards including sediment hazards;
- 23 (g) Ensure that the strategy for water resources development and conservation is participatory, and
24 that planners, policymakers, and other stakeholders, including water users, community
25 members, indigenous and marginalized peoples, are involved at all levels;
- 26 (h) Develop a standardized pricing framework for water use, septage and sewerage services that
27 accounts for environmental externalities and pricing considerations such as reasonable rate of
28 return; rate adjustment mechanisms for consumer price indices and currency fluctuations; and
29 other factors relevant to the operation of waterworks systems and infrastructure;
- 30 (i) Ensure that all sources of water, including surface water, groundwater, rainwater and
31 floodwater are identified, mapped, monitored, conserved and managed for productive use and
32 the resulting wastewater is managed properly, reused, and responsibly disposed of following
33 approved environmental standards; and
- 34 (j) Prioritize and provide technical and financial assistance to fourth, fifth and sixth class
35 municipalities in the Philippines in the development of water resources and waterworks
36 systems and provision of water and sanitation services.

37 SEC.8. *Powers and Functions of the Department.* – The Department shall have the following
38 powers and functions:

39 I. Policymaking and Planning

- 40 (a) Ensure that Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM) is adopted as the strategic
41 framework for water management policymaking and planning in the country and coordinate
42 the implementation, promotion, revision and enhancement of IWRM plans;
- 43 (b) Formulate policies, strategies, and targets in coordination with other relevant entities to meet
44 the goals and objectives for water supply and sanitation, water quality, irrigation, hydropower,
45 flood control, storm water utilization, and urban drainage. Such policies shall, among other

1 guidelines, integrate the issues of water and sanitation, food security, energy, environment and
2 flood control, and climate change;

3 (c) Formulate and develop policies to promote universal access to safe, adequate, affordable, and
4 sustainable water supply, and improved sanitation services for all Filipinos;

5 (d) Prepare the NWRMP in consultation with other agencies and stakeholders, following the
6 IWRM framework and integrating therein a national land use plan, submit the NWRMP
7 to the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA) Board for approval and
8 eventual adoption, and regularly update, every five years or as deemed necessary by the
9 Department, in order to ensure its relevance to the times;

10 (e) Undertake river basin survey, inventory and appraisal of water and related resources, and
11 develop comprehensive basin-wide plans of storage, retardation, and control to maximize
12 conservation and multipurpose use of water in the basin;

13 (f) Conduct continuing hydrological and hydrometeorological surveys and studies of the country's
14 renewable water supply, and establish, operate, and maintain observation station networks;

15 (g) Formulate long-term policies to balance the sustainability and optimal multiple use of water
16 resources, define the hydrologic boundaries of basins of the existing water supply sources, and
17 develop or update existing River Basin Master or Comprehensive Plans which includes all
18 aspects of water management and development such as water supply and sanitation, irrigation,
19 flood control and storm water or urban drainage, drought risk management, water resource
20 development systems and other public water works projects, including phasing of
21 implementation;

22 (h) Identify, based on the river basin master plans, priority packages for water infrastructure
23 development per river basin, including water supply, sanitation, irrigation, hydropower, flood
24 control and storm water or urban drainage, drought risk management, water resource
25 development systems and other public works projects;

26 (i) Evaluate and appraise all regional and inter-regional infrastructure water development plans
27 and programs as to their feasibility and consistency with approved strategies and medium and
28 long-term plans;

29 (j) Formulate policy, strategies, master plans and programs on flood risk management in the
30 context of integrated flood management (IFM) which integrates water, land, coastal zone and
31 multi-hazard management. In integrating land use planning and water management, the
32 Department shall harmonize and synthesize plans to enable the sharing of information between
33 land-use planning and water management authorities. In this regard, a holistic approach shall
34 be adopted by making the IFM a part of a wider risk or multi-hazard management system that
35 includes earthquakes, landslides, fires, tsunamis, droughts, and other calamities of the same
36 gravity or nature;

37 (k) Strengthen and coordinate policy making and planning for flood management, integrated with
38 storm water or urban drainage and appropriate retention or retarding basins in order to harvest
39 and reuse water, and to plan against, prevent, and minimize the detrimental and catastrophic
40 effects of flooding;

41 (l) Assist and provide the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA) with the
42 required data and input from the water sector in the formulation of the country's short-term and
43 long-term strategic development plans and actions, and recommend to the NEDA Board the
44 adoption of general policies and guidelines for water resources development;

- 1 (m) Review, approve, and provide oversight over all water-related development plans and programs
2 of any agency within the context of the NWRMP, and overall national plans and programs:
3 *Provided*, That the approval of water-related projects entered into by implementing agencies
4 shall be governed by existing laws. Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted as adding other
5 approval requirements for water-related government projects;
- 6 (n) Develop and implement, in coordination with other relevant agencies, effective codes,
7 standards, benchmarks, and reasonable guidelines on project investigation, formulation and
8 planning of water resources infrastructure, to ensure the safety of all public and private water
9 structures in the country, and assure efficiency and proper quality in the construction of water,
10 sanitation, irrigation, hydropower, flood control and drainage infrastructure;
- 11 (o) Ensure that gender equality, social inclusion, environmental protection, climate resiliency,
12 disaster risk reduction, and indigenous knowledge systems and practices are integrated into any
13 water resource management planning, policy making, and the design and construction of water
14 infrastructure;
- 15 (p) Ensure that the planning of water infrastructure considers the highest efficiency and most
16 appropriate technology and quality, in accordance with national development objectives;
- 17 (q) Review existing guidelines appropriate for private sector participation in the water sector and
18 submit recommendations to the Public-Private Partnership (PPP) Center of NEDA and other
19 concerned agencies to promote and enable more PPPs in the sector;
- 20 (r) Gather, analyze, and organize needed statistical data and information; for those water-related
21 data generated by other concerned agencies, establish, in coordination with these agencies, the
22 guidelines, standards, methodologies, and protocols for data collection that will be officially
23 recognized by the Department, and institute mechanisms for coordination with other agencies
24 as regards their submission and certification of submitted water-related data to the Department
- 25 (s) In case of gaps in data collection by other agencies, under item (r) above, the Department may
26 be authorized to collect the said data in accordance with the established guidelines, standards,
27 methodologies and protocols, and in coordination with the respective agencies, provided that
28 both the Department and other agencies ensure that duplication of roles in data collection is
29 prevented;
- 30 (t) Ensure continued stakeholder engagement through the creation of a Multi-Sectoral Stakeholder
31 Council with representatives from all water sector stakeholder sectors, including vulnerable
32 and indigenous communities: *Provided*, That the Multi-Sectoral Stakeholder Council shall be
33 the primary avenue for all multi-sectoral consultations mandated under this Act, and shall be
34 consulted in the formulation of all national plans, programs, and policies of the Department;
35 *Provided further*, That the sectoral representatives shall be appointed by the President;
- 36 (u) Build a central repository of water data and effect inter-sectoral, inter-agency, and inter-
37 departmental coordination on all aspects of data gathering and management for water resources
38 development planning and compel the submission of statistics and data on water utilization
39 with the aim of operationalizing the integrated approach to water resources management;
- 40 (v) Ensure the effective implementation of all the provisions of Presidential Decree No. 1067;
- 41 (w) Promote Philippine participation in information sharing and education on best practices in
42 support of international efforts to achieve universal access to safe water and improved
43 sanitation; and the integration of water, energy, environment and food security; and
- 44 (x) Ensure that the easements provided for in Title VII, Chapter 2, Section 2 of Republic Act
45 No. 386 otherwise known as the *Civil Code of the Philippines* and other relevant laws are

1 enforced, especially in all the esteros and waterways, as well as abate the dumping of untreated
2 wastewater and sewage into water bodies, including all acts and omissions in violation of
3 Presidential Decree (PD) No. 984, s. 1976, also known as National Pollution Control Decree
4 of 1976, as amended, and other related laws; and

- 5 (y) Issue and promulgate rules, regulations and guidelines as may be necessary to implement and
6 enforce its powers and functions under this Act.

7 II. Resource Allocation and Regulation

- 8 (a) Manage and conserve the country's water resources to ensure the optimal use thereof for
9 domestic water supply, sanitation, irrigation, hydropower, navigation, flood control, and
10 recreation purposes, and enhance and maintain water quality, conserve watersheds, control
11 water pollution, and restore the environment, without compromising the natural ecosystem
12 functions and services;
- 13 (b) Regulate and control the utilization, abstraction, diversion and development of water resources,
14 taking in consideration their equitable distribution among competing demands and determine
15 the standards of beneficial and priority uses of water in times of crisis and national
16 emergencies;
- 17 (c) Formulate, promulgate, and enforce rules and regulations for the development and optimum
18 use of water resources and its administration and management, including coherent water
19 protocols, operating rules of all existing and future water infrastructure; general criteria,
20 methods and standards for basic data collection and project identification, formulation and
21 planning, and appropriate sanctions to be imposed for non-compliance;
- 22 (d) Regularly review regulations prescribed by any government agency pertaining to water use,
23 exploitation, development, and conservation or protection of waters, water resources, and
24 watershed or basin areas with respect to this Act;
- 25 (e) Impose fees or charges, as may be deemed necessary for water resources development,
26 conservation and protection, such as:
- 27 (1) Polluter's Fee, which shall be based on the net waste load depending on the wastewater
28 charge formula pursuant to Republic Act No. 9275;
- 29 (2) Raw water price, which shall take into account, among others, the scarcity of water; and
30 (3) Appropriate payment structures for ecosystem services.
- 31 (f) Deputize LGUs to collect the national fees or charges for resource regulation within their
32 respective jurisdictions;
- 33 (g) Collect, regularly update, monitor, and analyze water resources data including climatology,
34 hydrological and other water-related data and ensure that such data is easily accessible by
35 relevant and authorized users;
- 36 (h) Establish, operate, and maintain observation station networks and a centralized water resources
37 data center for the scientific survey and appraisal of surface and groundwater potentials of the
38 country, and determine the annual renewable water available per water resources region;
- 39 (i) Maintain a database that will contain updated relevant information on water data which will be
40 accessible by relevant and authorized users;
- 41 (j) Develop and continuously update a computerized decision support system that incorporates
42 data management systems relating to acquisition and database, model base in terms of physical
43 design, planning and decision models, and user-friendly interface concerning graphical and
44 visualization tools;

- 1 (k) Conduct and promote special studies and research on water economics and other aspects of
2 water resources development and management as may be needed to support the policy and plan
3 proposals of the Department, such as, but not limited to, impacts of climate change, weather
4 modification, flood monitoring and modeling, environmental quality, and desalination;
5 (l) Raise public awareness through information, education and communications programs, and
6 build capacities for informed participation in water resources management at the national and
7 river-basin level; and
8 (m) Review the status of water permits issued and outstanding as of the date of the effectivity of
9 this Act and compliance by the water permit holders with the terms of their respective water
10 permits.

11 If, in the determination of the Department, acting on the basis of information, records and
12 reports submitted by any holders of such water permits, there is non-use of the water resource
13 covered by such water permits for a period of one (1) year from the date of issuance thereof,
14 the Department shall cause the termination or cancellation of any such water permits to the
15 National Water Resources Allocation Board: *Provided*, That the review made by the
16 Department shall be considered *prima facie* evidence of non-use in respect of any affected
17 water permit. For purposes of this Section, “non-use” refers to the failure of the water permit
18 holder to utilize the water resource or construct substantial works, facilities, systems or other
19 infrastructure had been constructed in pursuit of or for the purpose stipulated in the water
20 permit.

21 The Department shall submit a report to Congress on the completion of its review under this
22 section within one (1) year from the effectivity of this Act.

23 III. Institutional Arrangement with Public Water Agencies and Organizations

- 24 (a) Develop guidelines including rules of partnership, between and among the Department, field
25 offices of national government agencies, LGUs and other stakeholders in water resource
26 management, and facilitate the establishment of multi-stakeholder river basin organizations
27 (RBOs) per river basin, and strengthen and support existing RBOs and monitor their activities;
28 (b) Coordinate the planned and ongoing river basin initiatives of government agencies and
29 corporations, to which the Department shall review and endorse approval and funding from the
30 national budget thereof, as may be provided under existing laws, rules and regulations;
31 (c) Harmonize all relevant national river basin policies and formulate new policies and create
32 enabling policy environment that shall allow effective and efficient management and
33 governance of the country’s river basins. To this end, all national government agencies and
34 corporation shall consult with the Department in such planning and implementation;
35 (d) Serve as the national policy coordination office for LGUs and non-governmental organizations
36 in the development and sustainability of all river and catchment basins, for which the
37 Department shall recommend the approval and funding thereof of national government agency
38 and corporations’ support to such local and nongovernment river and catchment basin
39 initiatives;
40 (e) Serve as the government’s central river basin database management agency, to which all
41 government agencies and existing river basin organizations with relevant mandates and
42 developmental initiatives within the river basins are required to cooperate and regularly submit
43 their updated databases for integration and consolidation;
44 (f) Develop materials for capacity building and training of prospective RBOs, as well as other
45 concerned units of the Department and other water-related agencies, LGUs, and water service

1 providers particularly in the areas of integrated water resources management and river basin
2 master planning;

- 3 (g) Authorize its representatives or any deputized agent to enter any property of public dominion
4 with prior notice and consent: and any private land, building or enclave, whether inhabited or
5 not, for the purpose of conducting hydrologic surveys and investigations, including assessing
6 and evaluating the conditions of water facilities installed, and determining compliance with
7 water laws and standards;
- 8 (h) Provide technical assistance to water users including farmers, communities, and LGUs and
9 other water service providers (WSP) whether directly or in coordination with other agencies
10 on all aspects of integrated water resources management;
- 11 (i) Respond to consumer complaints, and ensure the adequate promotion of consumer interests;
- 12 (j) Deputize agents, whether from the public or private sector, to assist in the performance of any
13 of the powers and functions of the Department; and
- 14 (k) Appoint, hire, and maintain adequate staff and personnel, advisers or consultants with suitable
15 qualifications and experience, as necessary, subject to existing rules and regulations.

16 IV. Coordination

- 17 (a) Coordinate and integrate water resources development activities of the country within the
18 context of national plans and policies for social and economic development;
- 19 (b) Coordinate with other government agencies, universities, academe and private professional
20 groups in all aspects of data gathering, the conduct of special studies and research on all related
21 aspects of water resources management and development such as climate change,
22 environmental quality, desalination, and the development of operating strategies, procedures,
23 and protocols and accompanying computerized decision tools for major water facilities;
- 24 (c) Coordinate with the concerned and relevant agencies engaged in flood control, flood risk
25 management, and drought risk management; and
- 26 (d) Coordinate proactively with LGUs to ensure the integration of water resources development
27 plans into their comprehensive land use plans (CLUPs), Comprehensive Development Plans
28 (CDPs) or Provincial Physical Framework and Development Plan (PPFDP).

29 V. Other Functions

- 30 (a) Create when there are no existing water resources or operators, water resource subsidiaries,
31 instrumentalities, and entities to engage in water source development, water supply, water
32 transmission, water distribution, waste water treatment and management, missionary water
33 access, storm water management, and sanitation in accordance with existing laws, without
34 prejudice to private entities capable of and willing to engage in the aforementioned activities
35 through concession agreements, joint venture agreements, bulk water agreements, or service
36 agreements or contracts. For this purpose, the Department shall ensure compliance with
37 existing frameworks, rules, regulations and guidelines for private sector participation in water
38 transmission, water distribution, waste water treatment and management, storm water
39 management, and sanitation.
- 40 (b) Enter into contracts, joint venture agreements or understanding, public-private partnerships,
41 and memorandum of agreements or understanding, either domestic or foreign, relating to
42 investment and financing water-related projects, under such terms and conditions as the
43 Department may deem proper and reasonable subject to existing laws: *Provided That*,
44 government entities with mandates to enter into contracts with private entities under existing
45 laws shall continue to have such authority. *Provided further*, That nothing in this Act shall be

1 interpreted as adding approval, endorsement, or consent requirements for water-related
2 government projects; and

- 3 (c) Exercise such other powers and functions necessary or incidental to the effective administration
4 and management of the country's water resources.

5 SEC. 9. *Composition.* - The Department shall be composed of the Office of the Secretary, and
6 the various bureaus and services, and regional offices. The Office of the Secretary shall house the
7 Office of the Department Secretary, the Offices of the Undersecretaries, the Offices of the Assistant
8 Secretaries, and their immediate support staff.

9 SEC. 10. *Secretary of the Department of Water Resources.* - The authority and responsibility
10 for the exercise of the mandate of the Department and for the discharge of its powers and functions
11 shall be vested in the Secretary of the Department, hereinafter referred to as the Secretary, who shall
12 be appointed by the President of the Philippines. The Secretary shall:

- 13 (a) Submit to the NEDA Board the Department's recommendations on policies on water resources
14 requiring Presidential decision, and advise the President on the promulgation of executive
15 or administrative orders, regulations, proclamations and other issuances relative to matters
16 under the jurisdiction of the Department;
- 17 (b) Establish the policies and standards for the operation of the Department pursuant to the
18 President's guidelines;
- 19 (c) Advise the President on the status of water management and supply, recommend to the
20 President the declaration of a state calamity in areas affected by water supply, and submit
21 proposals to restore normalcy in the affected areas;
- 22 (d) Promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out the objectives, policies, and functions
23 of the Department;
- 24 (e) Exercise supervision and control over all bureaus and offices under the Department;
- 25 (f) Supervise all attached agencies and corporations in accordance with law;
- 26 (g) Represent the Department in contracts, awards, and other similar agreements;
- 27 (h) Delegate authority for the performance of any power or function, as defined herein to officials
28 and employees under his direction as deemed appropriate;
- 29 (i) Act as the Chairperson of the governing board of the attached agencies of the Department;
- 30 (j) Designate and appoint officers and employees of the Department, excluding the
31 Undersecretaries, Assistant Secretaries, and Regional and Assistant Regional Directors, in
32 accordance with the civil service laws, rules and regulations;
- 33 (k) Discipline the officials and employees of the Department, including officials and employees of
34 all the bureaus and offices under it, in accordance with civil service laws, rules, and regulations.
35 and
- 36 (l) Perform such other duties and responsibilities as may be provided by law.

37 The Secretary shall also serve as a voting member of the National Economic and Development
38 Authority (NEDA) Board, the Governing Boards of the Climate Change Commission (CCC),
39 the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC), and the National Land
40 Use Committee (NLUC).

41 SEC. 11. *Undersecretaries and Assistant Secretaries.* - The Secretary shall be assisted by not
42 more than three (3) Undersecretaries and three (3) Assistant Secretaries, all of which shall be
43 appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the Secretary: *Provided*, That at least one (1)
44 Undersecretary and one (1) of the Assistant Secretaries shall be career officers.

1 The Secretary is hereby authorized to delineate and assign the respective functional areas of
2 responsibility of the Undersecretaries and Assistant Secretaries in accordance with the mandate
3 and objectives of the Department. Within their respective functional areas of responsibility,
4 the Undersecretaries and Assistant Secretaries shall have the powers and functions as provided for in
5 Chapter 2, Book IV of the Administrative Code of 1987.

6 SEC. 12. *Qualifications and Appointment.* No person shall be appointed Secretary,
7 Undersecretary and Assistant Secretary of the Department unless the person is a citizen and resident
8 of the Philippines, of good moral character, of proven integrity, competence and expertise in water
9 resource management.

10 SEC. 13. *Department Bureaus and Services, and Regional Offices.* – The Department shall
11 establish, operate, and maintain the Bureaus and Services under it such as, but not limited to:

- 12 (a) Policy and Planning Bureau;
- 13 (b) Decision Support System Bureau;
- 14 (c) Bureau of Technical Services;
- 15 (d) Legal and Legislative research Service;
- 16 (e) Internal Audit Service;
- 17 (f) Public Affairs Service;
- 18 (g) Administrative and Human Resources Service;
- 19 (h) Flood Control and Drainage Coordination Service; and
- 20 (i) Comptrollership and Financial Management Service.

21 A Water Resources Regional Office (WRRO) shall be organized per water resources region
22 and shall be responsible for implementing the mandates, powers, and duties of the Department at
23 the field level, except for policymaking which will be vested solely in the Department.

24 The Bureaus, Services and Regional Offices shall each be headed by a Director, who shall
25 be responsible for the efficient and effective discharge of the functions of the Bureau, Service, or
26 Office concerned. The Bureau Director and Regional Director shall be assisted by one (1) Assistant
27 Director.

28 The Department shall retain existing Project Management Offices as may be required,
29 which shall be under the supervision and control of the appropriate official determined by the
30 Secretary.

31 SEC. 14. *Attached agencies.* - The following agencies shall be attached to the Department for
32 purposes of policy and program coordination, monitoring, and evaluation:

- 33 (a) The Local Water Utilities Administration (LWUA), whose mandate, powers, and functions
34 are defined in Presidential Decree No. 198, otherwise known as the *Local Water Utilities*
35 *Administration Law, as amended*, shall be transferred from the Department of Environment
36 and Natural Resources (DENR) and attached to the Department. It shall continue to
37 function as the specialized lending institution for the promotion, development, and
38 financing of local water utilities. *Provided*, That its economic regulatory functions over
39 local water districts shall be fully absorbed by the Water Regulatory Commission created
40 under this Act. In the implementation of its functions, the LWUA shall:

- 41 (1) furnish technical assistance and personnel including training programs for
42 accounting and fiscal practices of local water utilities;
- 43 (2) monitor and evaluate local water standards; and

1 (3) effect system integration, joint investment and operation, district annexation and
2 de-annexation whenever economically warranted, in accordance with Section 49 of
3 Presidential Decree No. 198, as amended by Sec. 22, Presidential Decree No. 768.

4 The authority of LWUA to review, approve and regulate the tariff rates of local water
5 utilities to whom it has extended loans or other financing under Section 64 of P.D. No. 198,
6 as amended, is hereby transferred to the Water Regulatory Commission as provided in this
7 Act.

8 (b) The Metropolitan Waterworks and Sewerage System (MWSS), whose mandate, powers,
9 and functions are defined under Republic Act No. 6234, as amended entitled, *An Act*
10 *Creating the Metropolitan Waterworks and Sewerage System and Dissolving the National*
11 *Waterworks and Sewerage Authority; and For Other Purposes*, shall be transferred from
12 the DENR and attached to the Department: *Provided*, That the MWSS shall continue to
13 facilitate the exercise by the concessionaires of their responsibility; carry out accounting
14 and notification functions; monitor, report, and administer loans; perform related functions
15 in connection with existing projects; manage, operate, and dispose its retained assets:
16 *Provided further*, that its regulatory arm, the MWSS – Regulatory Office, shall be fully
17 absorbed by the Water Regulatory Commission created under this Act.

18 (c) The National Irrigation Administration (NIA), whose mandate, powers, and functions are
19 defined under Republic Act No. 3601 entitled *An Act Granting the National Irrigation*
20 *Administration*, as amended by Presidential Decree No. 552 and Presidential Decree No.
21 1702; and

22 (d) The Laguna Lake Development Authority (LLDA), whose mandate, powers and functions
23 are defined under Republic Act No. 4850, as amended entitled, *An Act Creating the Laguna*
24 *Lake Development Authority, Prescribing Its Powers, Functions and Duties, Providing*
25 *Funds Therefor, and For Other Purposes* shall be transferred from the DENR and attached
26 to the Department. The LLDA shall continue to serve as the lake management and
27 development authority similar to a multi-stakeholder river basin organization and shall
28 ensure the implementation of the Laguna Lake Master Plan which shall be updated by the
29 Department to ensure alignment with the NWRMP.

30 The Secretary shall be the Chairperson of the Governing Boards of the aforementioned
31 government-owned and controlled corporations to be attached under the Department. In case existing
32 laws, rules and regulations provide for a specific process in appointing the agency's Chairperson,
33 the Secretary of the Department shall serve as Co-Chairperson.

34 Any other agency performing water resources management, conservation and protection
35 functions may be transferred to the Department as the President deems necessary.

36 SEC. 15. *Offices, Functions and Personnel to be Completely Subsumed under the Department.*

37 – The following offices with their applicable powers, functions, personnel, funds and appropriations,
38 records, equipment and property shall be subsumed under the Department:

39 (a) The National Water Resources Board (NWRB) with its divisions and sections, whose
40 mandate, powers and functions are provided in Presidential Decree No. 424 creating the
41 National Water Resources Council, now NWRB, as amended: *Provided*, That its water
42 utility regulation units and functions vested under Commonwealth Act No. 146 also known
43 as the Public Service Act, as amended, shall be absorbed by the Water Regulatory
44 Commission created under this Act: *Provided further*, That its resource allocation or
45 regulation units vested under Presidential Decree No. 1067 shall be absorbed by the

1 National Water Resources Allocation Board and the Resource Allocation Office,
2 also created under this Act;

- 3 (b) The River Basin Control Office (RBCO) of the DENR whose mandate, powers and
4 functions are provided in Executive Order No. 510, series of 2006 and Executive Order No.
5 816, series of 2009, as amended: *Provided*, That its function pertaining to watershed
6 reforestation activities shall be transferred to the DENR-Forest Management Bureau, but
7 the targeting of priority watershed areas shall be coordinated with the Department;
- 8 (c) The Manila Bay Coordinating Office (MBCO) of the DENR which was strengthened by
9 virtue of DENR Administrative Order (DAO) 2011-01 to coordinate the efforts of the
10 fourteen (14) national agencies covered by the Mandamus Order of the Supreme Court to
11 rehabilitate Manila Bay;
- 12 (d) The Water Supply and Sanitation Unit of the Department of the Interior and Local
13 Government (DILG); and
- 14 (e) The Water Resources Management Office (WRMO) of the DENR whose mandate, powers
15 and functions are provided in Executive Order No. 22, series of 2023.

16 SEC. 16. *Functions to be Transferred to the Department.* – The following functions of the
17 respective agencies, bureaus, and units shall be transferred to the Department:

- 18 (a) The planning, programming, administration, monitoring, management of the National
19 Sewerage and Septage Management Program (NSSMP) of the DPWH; and
- 20 (b) The following functions of the dissolved Pasig River Rehabilitation Commission and
21 transferred to the Manila Bay Task Force per Executive Order No. 93 series of 2019:
- 22 (1) Updating and leading in the overall implementation of the Pasig River Rehabilitation
23 Master Plan; and
- 24 (2) Ensure that the easements provided for in the Civil Code and other relevant laws are
25 enforced, especially in all the esteros and waterways as well as abate the dumping of
26 untreated wastewater and sewage into water systems, including all acts and omissions
27 in violation of Presidential Decree (PD) No. 984, s. 1976, as 838 amended, and other
28 related laws.

29 **CHAPTER III**
30 **INTERDEPARTMENTAL RELATIONS**

31 **AND INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS OF THE DEPARTMENT**

32 SEC. 17. *Interface and Institutional Arrangements with Other Agencies.* –

- 33 (a) The Department of Health (DOH) shall continue to have primary authority and
34 responsibility for setting and enforcing drinking water quality standards. The Department
35 shall coordinate with the DOH in this aspect, and shall ensure consistency of standards and
36 targets, as well as the compliance of permittees with mandated standards;
- 37 (b) The Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) shall continue to have
38 primary authority and responsibility for protecting the environment and managing the
39 country's watersheds. Further, the Pollution Adjudication Board (PAB) shall remain to
40 have jurisdiction with respect to adjudication of pollution cases based on exceedance of the
41 DENR Effluent Standards and other acts defined as prohibited under Section 27 of R.A.
42 9275 and filed by this Department. Furthermore, the Department shall coordinate with the
43 DENR regarding the establishment of protocols for management of all water-related data
44 being collected by the DENR;

- 1 (c) The Department of Energy (DOE) and the National Power Corporation (NPC) shall
2 continue to have primary authority and responsibility for establishing and operating
3 hydropower plants, but shall ensure that hydropower plant development plans are
4 consistent with the National Water Development and Management Plan;
- 5 (d) The Department shall coordinate with the Department of Agriculture (DA) to ensure
6 agricultural development that reduces long-term pollution for surface water and
7 groundwater, and agricultural and industrial economic development that employs water
8 efficiency, water recycling or reuse, and the appropriate treatment of wastewater.
9 Furthermore, the Department shall coordinate with the DA and its Bureau of Soils and
10 Water Management (BSWM) regarding the establishment of protocols for management of
11 all water-related data being collected by DA, as well as the outputs of research and studies
12 by BSWM which may serve as input to policy formulation by the Department;
- 13 (e) The Department shall coordinate with the National Disaster Risk Reduction Management
14 Council (NDRRMC) to ensure that its plans and designs for flood control, flood risk
15 management and drought risk management are aligned with the objectives and plans of the
16 Department;
- 17 (f) The Department shall coordinate with Climate Change Commission (CCC), Philippine
18 Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA), and
19 National Mapping and Resource Information Authority (NAMRIA) for scientific studies,
20 integrated surveys, mapping, charting, and decision support systems
- 21 (g) The Department shall coordinate with the Department of Tourism (DOT) on recreational
22 or visual use of water resources;
- 23 (h) The Department shall coordinate with the Philippine Reclamation Authority (PRA),
24 Tourism Infrastructure and Enterprise Zone Authority (TIEZA), and economic zone
25 authorities on water resources development and water requirements within reclamation
26 areas, tourism development areas, and economic zones, respectively;
- 27 (i) The Department shall coordinate with the Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim
28 Mindanao (BARMM), specifically its Economic and Development Council (BEDC),
29 Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (BDRRMC), and Ministry
30 Environment, Natural Resources and Energy, regarding the preparation of master plans of
31 river basins that overlap with the inland waters within the BARMM's jurisdiction, and
32 ensure the alignment of these plans with the NWRMP and the Bangsamoro Development
33 Plan and other related regional plans of BARMM;
- 34 (j) The Department shall coordinate with the DPWH as regards the construction of water
35 projects including flood control and other related projects within the purview of the DPWH:
36 *Provided*, That the flood management plans are aligned with the NWRMP, and that flood
37 waters be considered and harnessed as potential water source: *Provider, further*,
38 the Department shall coordinate with the DPWH regarding the establishment of protocols
39 for management of all water-related data being collected by the DPWH and its Bureaus;
- 40 (k) The Department shall coordinate with the LGUs that own the specific areas or land where
41 raw water will be sourced, as regards the implementation of Section 38 of this Act,
42 specifically on the sharing of the total income generated from raw water pricing;
- 43 (l) The Department shall coordinate with the Department of Human Settlements and Urban
44 Development (DHSUD) in planning, monitoring and enforcing integrated land use and
45 water resources management in the Comprehensive Land Use Development Plans and

- 1 Zoning Ordinances of the LGUs to ensure, among others, the protection of water sources
2 and that water availability is factored in proposed land use development plans and projects;
- 3 (m) The Department shall coordinate with relevant government agencies, including LGUs, with
4 respect to development projects and shall ensure cross-cutting collaboration between and
5 among all water subsectors and facilitate inter-agency subsector coordination, strategic
6 development, planning, monitoring and provision of technical, institutional and financial
7 capacity building support to their different stakeholders at the water subsector level; and
- 8 (n) All other departments and agencies of the government implementing water related
9 functions and projects shall ensure that the programs and projects are consistent with the
10 national water management plan of the Department.

11 CHAPTER IV

12 NATIONAL WATER RESOURCES ALLOCATION BOARD 13 AND THE RESOURCE ALLOCATION OFFICE

14 SEC. 18. Reconstitution of the National Water Resources Board (NWRB) as the National
15 Water Resources Allocation Board (NWRAB). – The NWRB is hereby reconstituted and shall
16 henceforth be known as the National Water Resources Allocation Board, hereafter called the “Board”.
17 The water resources allocation and regulation function of the NWRB is hereby transferred to the Board,
18 which shall supervise the effective appropriation and regulation of the water resources in the country
19 in accordance with Presidential Decree No. 1067.

20 The Board shall be composed of the Secretary of the Department as the Chair, with the
21 Secretary of the DENR as the Vice-Chairperson, and the heads of agencies of the NEDA, Department
22 of Justice (DOJ), Department of Science and Technology (DOST), and the University of the
23 Philippines – National Hydraulic Research Center (UP-NHRC) as members.

24 SEC. 19. *Functions of the Board.* The Board shall perform the following functions:

- 25 (a) Promulgate, among others, rules and regulations for the exploitation and optimum
26 utilization of water resources, in accordance with Presidential Decree No. 1067 and other
27 existing laws, including the imposition on water appropriators of such fees or charges as
28 may be deemed necessary;
- 29 (b) Approve the guidelines and processes pertaining to water regulation, as recommended by
30 the Secretariat;
- 31 (c) Decide on requests for permits to extract or utilize the country’s water resources and grant
32 the corresponding water rights, upon recommendation of the Resource Allocation Office:
33 *Provided.* That the water rights are exercised within five (5) years of granting of such rights;
- 34 (d) Exercise appellate jurisdiction over decisions in cases over the following;
- 35 (1) violations and disputes relating to the appropriation, utilization, exploitation,
36 development, control, conservation and protection of waters;
- 37 (2) violations and disputes on raw water fees;
- 38 (3) violations and disputes involving water permits, administrative allocation of water
39 resources and transfer of water rights
- 40 (f) Issue *subpoena duces tecum* and *subpoena ad testificandum*;
- 41 (g) Cite any person or party in contempt for refusal to appear, testify or comply with the lawful
42 orders of the Board in relation to any matter subject to its investigation;
- 43 (h) Hear, receive evidence, and decide on cases falling within its jurisdiction;

- 1 (i) Impose the appropriate sanctions over violations committed by appropriators in accordance
2 with existing laws, rules and regulations as well as future rules and regulations which the
3 Board shall promulgate;
- 4 (j) Review, update, and revise all fees, charges, and penalties imposed on all water
5 appropriators as stated under Chapter VII and VIII of Presidential Decree No. 1067, upon
6 recommendation by the Secretariat, and based on scientific and evidence-based studies;
- 7 (k) Delegate specific tasks vested unto the Board that may be undertaken by the Executive
8 Director, as may be necessary
- 9 (l) Promulgate its own rules and procedures; and
- 10 (m) Exercise such other powers as may be necessary to carry out its duties and
11 responsibilities under this law.

12 No injunction may be issued by any court to restrain any proceeding before the Board except
13 on the basis of question of law by the Supreme Court on certiorari.

14 Every order or decision rendered by the Board shall be in writing and shall state clearly and
15 distinctly the facts and the law on which it is based. The Board shall decide each case or application
16 within thirty (30) days following its formal submission for resolution. It shall publish and make
17 available for public inspection all decisions and final orders including those in the adjudication of
18 contested cases or applications.

19 SEC. 20. *Resource Allocation Office* – There is hereby created a Resource Allocation Office
20 which shall be attached to the Department. It shall serve as Secretariat to the Board and shall exercise
21 the following functions in order to provide technical support to the Board towards the effective
22 regulation of the country’s water resources:

- 23 (a) Advise the Board on all matters relating to resource allocation and regulation;
- 24 (b) Formulate rules and regulation for the exploitation and optimum utilization of surface
25 water, groundwater, and seawater extraction and use, for the approval of the Board, and for
26 implementation by the Resource Allocation Office, including the processes for the
27 application of water permits, in accordance with Presidential Decree No. 1067 and other
28 existing laws;
- 29 (c) Process applications of rights to utilize water resources for the appropriate, optimal and
30 sustainable use of surface and ground water, for the approval of the Board or its Executive
31 Director, as may be delegated by the Board;
- 32 (d) Upon approval by the Board, issue water permits granted to water appropriators;
- 33 (e) Monitor performance of water rights grantees including, among others, ensuring that water
34 utilization is in accordance with the terms of the permits granted unto them;
- 35 (f) Investigate, *motu proprio*, violations of the water rights and the Water Code;
- 36 (g) In the case of violations and conflicts between and among users, file the necessary cases for
37 the decision of the Board;
- 38 (h) Enforce the decisions promulgated by the Board, and as may be delegated by the Board;
- 39 (i) Coordinate with other relevant units of the Department regarding the generation, updating,
40 managing, and sharing of water data relevant to each other’s performance of functions;
- 41 (j) Respond to consumer complaints, and ensure the adequate promotion of consumer interests;
- 42 (k) Perform such other related functions and activities which are necessary for the effective
43 regulation of water-related services.

1 The Office shall be headed by an Executive Director which shall have the rank of an
2 Undersecretary, and shall be assisted by one (1) Deputy Executive Director which shall have the rank
3 of an Assistant Secretary.

4 **CHAPTER V**
5 **WATER REGULATORY COMMISSION**

6 SEC.21. *Water Regulatory Commission.* – There is hereby created and established as an
7 independent, quasi-judicial regulatory body to be known as the Water Regulatory Commission,
8 hereinafter referred to as the Commission, which shall be organized within one hundred eighty (180)
9 days after the effectivity of this Act. The Commission shall have a Board of Commissioners, and shall
10 be vested with powers and functions, as conferred and set forth hereunder.

11 SEC. 22. *Powers and Functions of the Commission.* – The overall authority and powers of the
12 Commission shall cover and apply to all service providers, whether private or public, providing or
13 intending to provide water supply, including suppliers to subdivisions or other service providers,
14 sewerage, or septage treatment and disposal services for domestic, residential, institutional, industrial
15 or commercial use.

16 The Commission shall exercise the following powers and functions:

- 17 (a) Issue and promulgate rules, regulations and guidelines as may be necessary to implement
18 and enforce its powers and functions under this Act;
- 19 (b) Promulgate and enforce just and reasonable technical standards, classifications and
20 measurements of service: *Provided*, That local water districts, LGU-run and private
21 utilities, especially level II and III water service providers found performing significantly
22 below prescribed standards shall be required to submit a Public Service Improvement
23 Plan with committed performance improvements with a one-year implementation
24 timeframe: *Provided further*, That unjustifiable failure to implement provisions of, or
25 meet commitments in, the Public Service Improvement Plan shall be cause for
26 dissolution, consolidation, privatization, or management takeover of the local water
27 district: *Provided, finally*, That the Commission shall have the power to cause such
28 dissolution, consolidation, privatization, or management takeover and shall mandate the
29 Department to implement the same;
- 30 (c) Coordinate with the Department in the implementation of intervention, consolidation,
31 dissolution, privatization, or takeover, and shall ensure the continuity of delivery of
32 public service.
- 33 (d) Exercise exclusive authority and jurisdiction to establish rules and enforce regulations to
34 monitor, investigate, provide remedies for, and hear and decide on cases involving any
35 market power abuse or anti-competitive or discriminatory act or behavior by or against
36 any participant in the water supply and sanitation sector, excluding only those agreements
37 involving projects that are not considered natural monopolies, including in respect of the
38 determination of whether any merger, acquisition, joint venture or other transaction,
39 agreement or arrangement by, between or among water service providers or any
40 participant in the water supply and sanitation sector is anti-competitive or will
41 substantially prevent, restrict or lessen competition in the relevant market. Upon finding
42 that a market participant has engaged in, or fell victim to such act or behavior, the
43 Commission shall act to stop or redress the same. Such remedies may, without limitation,
44 include the imposition of price control, issuance of injunctions, requirement of
45 divestment or disgorgement of excess profits, invalidation of contracts and imposition of

1 fines and penalties as prescribed in Republic Act No. 10667 otherwise known as the
2 Philippine Competition Act. If warranted, the Commission may request technical
3 advisory services from the Philippine Competition Commission.

4 (e) Issue licenses authorizing the operation of water supply and sanitation services, including
5 by community water services, in any specified area or areas with and sanitation services
6 in any specified area in the Philippines: *Provided*, That any license to use water resources
7 or operate water supply and sanitation services shall be considered expired if not
8 exercised by the licensee within five (5) years upon the date of issuance;

9 (f) Impose and collect annual levies, and reasonable fees and surcharges as may be necessary
10 for achieving the purposes, powers and function of the Commission: *Provided*, That the
11 rate of annual levies and fees shall be determined strictly on a partial cost recovery basis
12 for the reasonable and actual cost of regulation: *Provided further*, That nothing in this
13 section shall be construed as authorizing the commission to impose and collect *ad*
14 *valorem* annual levies.

15 (g) With due regard to the standardized pricing framework developed by the Department
16 pursuant to Section 7(h) of this Act, review, determine, fix and approve, consistent with
17 the rules, guidelines, procedures and methodologies which the Commission shall provide,
18 proposed water and sewerage and septage management tariffs, rates and charges that
19 licensees may impose upon their consumers. The sewerage and septage management
20 tariffs, rates and charges may be in the form of an environmental fee based on the actual
21 water consumption of the consumers for regular conduct of desludging and fixed fees for
22 emergency desludging.

23 The Commission shall endeavor to adopt a local pricing framework, which shall provide
24 for the minimum water, sewerage and septage management rates and allow for uniform
25 adjustments to the consumer price index, or foreign exchange, as applicable, across one
26 or more areas: *Provided* That, service providers may apply for adjustments to the tariff
27 rates taking into consideration their actual and proposed expenditures in the construction,
28 operation and maintenance of their respective water, sewerage and septage management
29 systems.

30 All applications for the imposition or adjustment of water and sewerage and septage
31 tariffs, rates and charges shall be acted upon by the Commission within a period of four
32 (4) months. If the Commission fails to issue a decision or resolution within said
33 prescribed period, the application shall be deemed approved.

34 (h) Appraise and value property and equipment used by licensees in providing water supply
35 and sanitation services and, for this purpose, develop a database for the value of the
36 property and equipment used by the licensees in providing water supply and sanitation
37 services by requiring each licensee to submit, on a periodic basis, an appraisal report
38 covering such assets duly signed and sealed by an appraisal firm duly accredited by the
39 Securities and Exchange Commission: *Provided*, That unless otherwise expressly
40 warranted, the value of such property and equipment as determined by such independent
41 appraisal firms shall be presumed a true and reasonable valuation thereof.;

42 (i) Enforce technical, financial, and other performance standards set by the Commission for
43 licensees or utilities;

- 1 (j) Respond to consumer complaints and ensure the adequate promotion of consumer
2 interests and investigate *motu proprio* violations of Sections 27, 28 and 29 of this Act;
- 3 (k) Investigate accidents directly or indirectly arising from or connected with the
4 maintenance or operation of the service, and make such order or recommendation as the
5 public interest may warrant;
- 6 (l) Require the review or approval of contracts or agreements that may impact on the tariff
7 and rates of service provision entered into by service providers upon petition or *motu*
8 *proprio* wherein its determination public interest so dictates;
- 9 (m) Require the submission of reports, plans, and other documents that define the
10 performance targets of the licensees or utilities, and regular accomplishment reports;
- 11 (n) Impose and collect annual levies and reasonable fees and surcharges as may be necessary
12 for achieving the purposes, powers, and functions of the regulator;
- 13 (o) Conduct benchmarking and monitor the performance of licensees or utilities under their
14 jurisdiction, and publish reports detailing the results thereof;
- 15 (p) Amend, modify, suspend, or revoke any license issued by them, after due notice and
16 hearing, on any of the following grounds: (1) when the facts and circumstances on the
17 strength of which the license was issued have been materially misrepresented or have
18 materially changed; (2) where the licensee has failed to meet or comply with terms,
19 conditions, and performance targets, including but not limited to service expansion, that
20 may have targets, including but not limited to service expansions, that may have been set
21 in the license; (3) where the licensee is found to be manifestly inefficient in the operation
22 of or provision of water supply and sanitation services in its area; or (4) when the licensee
23 thereof has violated or willfully refused to comply with any order, rule or regulation of
24 the Commission or any provision of this Act;
- 25 (q) Appoint an interim management committee to ensure continuity of service in case a
26 licensee, including those run by local government units, or local water districts, fails to
27 meet the conditions of the license;
- 28 (r) Adopt and require that books, records, and accounts be kept and maintained in accordance
29 with the prescribed uniform accounting system;
- 30 (s) Fix and determine proper and adequate rates of depreciation of properties and equipment
31 used in water supply and sanitation services;
- 32 (t) Impose and collect annual levies and reasonable fees and surcharges as may be necessary
33 for achieving the purposes, powers and functions of the Commission;
- 34 (u) Require the submission reports of finances and operations, verified under oaths by the
35 owner or president and secretary of the board of the licensee;
- 36 (v) Determine and require the monitoring and submission of such data, statistics and other
37 information from any or all licensees as may be necessary for the effective and efficient
38 exercise of its duties, functions, powers and responsibilities.
- 39 (w) Investigate, *motu proprio* or upon a written complaint, any matter concerning the operation
40 of the service and violations of Sections 28 and 29 and other provisions of this Act,
41 including alleged inefficient or inappropriate performance of obligations by water service
42 providers, and, after due process, render decisions thereon within one (1) year;
- 43 (x) Impose penalties and fines against any licensee or against its owners, directors, officers,
44 agents or representatives for any violation of this Act or of the license, order, rule
45 regulation or requirement issued by the Commission;

- 1 (y) Require any licensee to pay the actual expenses incurred by the Commission in any
2 investigation if it shall be found that a licensee violated any provision of this Act or of
3 the license, order, rule regulation or requirement issued by the Commission;
- 4 (z) Advise, apprise and coordinate with other relevant agencies of the national or local
5 government on any matter relating to water supply and sanitation services;
- 6 (aa) Deputize agents, whether from the public or private sector, to assist in the performance
7 of any of the powers and functions of the Commission;
- 8 (bb) Appoint an interim or temporary management committee upon appeal and after due
9 hearing, to ensure continuity of service in case a licensee, including those run by local
10 government units, or local water districts, fails to meet conditions of the license;
- 11 (cc) Appoint, hire and maintain adequate staff and personnel, advisers, or consultants, with
12 suitable qualifications and experience, as necessary;
- 13 (dd) Exercise original and exclusive jurisdiction over all cases involving disputes between and
14 among participants or stakeholders in the water supply and sanitation services; and
- 15 (ee) Issue rules and regulations on terms and conditions prescribing minimum and mandatory
16 terms for concession agreements, joint venture agreements, management agreements,
17 service contracts or other contractual arrangements that may be entered into by
18 government entities including local water utilities and local government units and private
19 sector entities or other water service providers for the provision of water or sanitation
20 services, such as the (i) the term, scope and total cost of the activity, which may be
21 subdivided into phases; (ii) committed contributions and corresponding performance
22 security requirements in accordance with any agreed phased implementation of the
23 activity; and (iii) cost recovery schemes and percentage of the parties' share in the profits
24 and losses, among others.
- 25 (ff) Upon the recommendation of the Department, and after due notice and hearing, terminate
26 or cancel water permits issued and outstanding as of the date of the effectivity of this Act
27 to any government or private sector entities to ensure optimal and efficient use of water
28 resources. The Commission shall principally rely on the *prima facie* findings of the
29 Department, acting on the basis of information, records and reports submitted by any
30 holders of such water permits as of the effectivity date of this Act, that the water resource
31 covered by such water permits have not been substantially utilized or no substantial water
32 works facilities, systems or other infrastructure has been constructed in pursuit thereof,
33 in each case, for a period one (1) year from the date of issuance thereof, or if the water is
34 used, totally or partially, for any purpose other than those approved in the water permit.
35 The Commission shall decide on the recommendation for the Department within six (6)
36 months from receipt of the recommendation. The Commission by itself may exercise this
37 function.
- 38 (gg) Issue rules, guidelines, procedures, and methodologies for the determination of the
39 appropriate water and sewerage and septage management tariffs, rates and charges and
40 review and confirm such tariffs.
- 41 (hh) Issue rules, guidelines, procedures and methodologies for the computation of any
42 adjustment of any approved water and sewerage and septage management tariffs, rates
43 and charges based on the prevailing consumer price index or foreign exchange
44 adjustments set by the appropriate national government agency, or any other factors
45 customary in the water or sanitation industries which require adjustment or rebasing of

1 the tariffs, which adjustment shall be implemented automatically subject to a thirty (30)
2 day prior written notice to the Commission.

- 3 (ii) Review and approve applications for water permits and issue the corresponding water
4 permits to qualified applicants: *Provided*, That such applicants shall submit proof of land
5 ownership of, or right to use the property where the water source is located: *Provided*
6 *further*, That, if the applicant is currently using the water source being applied for
7 domestic or municipal purposes upon effectivity of this Act, such applicant may submit
8 such proof of prior use of possession of said property in lieu of ownership or right to use.
- 9 (jj) Determine the existence of any material adverse government action which has a material
10 and adverse effect on any of the rights and privileges of, or on the enjoyment or exercise
11 thereof by the licensees, or which has a material and adverse effect on the licensees'
12 ability to comply with their financial or other contractual obligations to provide water or
13 sanitation services, and determine the appropriate remedial measures therefor, which may
14 include compensation or extension of permits or licenses.
- 15 (kk) Perform such other incidental powers and functions as may be necessary to attain the
16 objectives of this Act.

17 SEC. 23. *Composition of the Water Regulatory Commission.* –

- 18 (a) The Commission shall be a collegial body composed of five (5) full-time members
19 consisting of a Chairperson and four (4) members, who shall all be appointed by the
20 President of the Philippines. All members of the Commission must be citizens and
21 residents of the Philippines, at least thirty five (35) years of age, and of good moral
22 character, of recognized integrity and competence in the field of law, business,
23 commerce, finance, accounting or public administration, water or utility economics,
24 management, physical or engineering services, hydrology and other related services,
25 with at least three (3) years of actual and distinguished experience in their respective
26 fields of expertise: *Provided*, That out of the four (4) members of the Commission,
27 at least one (1) shall be a member of the Philippine Bar with at least ten (10) years of
28 experience in the active practice of law, at least one (1) shall be a certified public
29 accountant with at least ten (10) years of experience in active practice, and at least one
30 (1) shall be a licensed engineer with experience in the water sector.
- 31 (b) The term of office of each member of the Commission shall be seven (7) years: *Provided*,
32 That among the members first appointed, the Chairperson shall serve for a period of
33 seven (7) years, two (2) members shall serve for five (5) years and the other two (2)
34 members shall serve for three (3) years: *Provided further*, That any member whose term
35 has expired as specified herein shall serve as such until a successor shall have been
36 appointed and qualified: *Provided furthermore*, That any appointment to fill a vacancy
37 in the Commission arising from death, removal, retirement or resignation shall be made
38 only for the unexpired term: *Provided finally*, That in no case shall any member serve
39 for more than seven (7) years in the Commission.
- 40 (c) The Commission shall meet as often as may be necessary on such day or days as the
41 Chairperson may fix. The presence of at least three (3) members of the Commission shall
42 constitute a quorum, which shall be necessary for the transaction of any business. The
43 affirmative vote of majority of the members of the Commission where a quorum is
44 present shall be necessary for the adoption of any order, resolution, decisions, or other
45 act of the Commission in the exercise of its quasi-judicial functions: *Provided*, That in

1 promulgating rules, regulations, guidelines and in exercising its quasi-legislative
2 functions, an affirmative vote of three (3) members shall be required.

3 (d) The Chairperson of the Commission shall exercise general executive control and
4 supervision over the Commission and its members, staff and personnel, agents and
5 representatives. Within three (3) months from the creation of the Commission and the
6 appointment of all Members of the Commission, the Chairperson shall determine and
7 establish the organizational structure and *plantilla* positions necessary to carry out the
8 powers and functions of the Commission subject to the review and approval of the
9 Department of Budget and Management (DBM).

10 The *plantilla* positions of the Commission shall be filled by regular appointments in
11 accordance with Civil Service laws, rules, and regulations. Members of the Commission
12 shall enjoy security of tenure and shall not be suspended or removed from office except
13 for just cause as specified by law.

14 (e) The Chairperson and members of the Commission or any of their relatives within the
15 fourth civil degree of consanguinity or affinity, legitimate or common law, shall be
16 prohibited from holding any interest whatsoever, either as investor, stockholder, officer
17 or director, in any company or entity engaged in provision of water supply and
18 distribution, septage management and sewerage services and must, therefore, divest
19 through sale or legal disposition of any and all interests in the water sector upon
20 assumption to office.

21 SEC. 24. *Secretariat of the Commission.* – The Commission shall establish a Secretariat which
22 shall provide the Commission with technical and support services including the following:

23 (a) Provide the necessary technical inputs and secretariat support to the Commission to
24 facilitate the conduct of its functions;

25 (b) Maintain a database on the water supply and sanitation subsector; and

26 (c) Coordinate with other relevant agencies of the national or local government on any matter
27 relating to water supply and sanitation.

28 SEC. 25. *Executive Director.* – The Commission shall appoint an Executive Director who shall
29 head the Commission Secretariat, keep and maintain the official records of the Commission, render a
30 report on the proceedings of the Commission, and administer oaths in all matters falling within the
31 jurisdiction of the Commission.

32 The Executive Director shall be responsible for the effective implementation of the policies,
33 plans, programs, rules, regulations and directives of the Commission; coordinate and supervise the
34 activities of the different operating units under the Commission; and perform such functions as may
35 be assigned by the Chairperson or other members of the Commission.

36 SEC. 26. *Compensation and Other Emoluments.* – The compensation of the members of the
37 Commission and its staff shall conform to provisions of Republic Act No. 6758 as amended, otherwise
38 known as the Compensation and Position Classification Act of 1989 and other relevant laws.

39 CHAPTER VI

40 REGISTRATION AND LICENSING

41 SEC. 27. *Registration and Licensing of All Water Supply and Sanitation Services.* – All water
42 supply and sanitation service providers, including bulk water suppliers and those providing services to
43 subdivisions and other service providers, shall register with the Commission and, subject to its rules,
44 guidelines, procedures and other issuances of the Commission, obtain a license to operate from the
45 appropriate regulatory units: *Provided*, That the Commission shall act on the application for the

1 issuance or the conversion of such licenses and renewals thereof within the maximum period of one
2 (1) year as provided under this Act or by Republic Act No. 11032.

3 The Commission shall ensure that the grant and revocation of licenses are carried out fairly,
4 transparently, and without discrimination. Issuances of the Commission shall specify, among others,
5 the qualifications, requirements, and procedure for the grant and revocation of licenses including the
6 standards and performance targets that shall continuously be complied with to keep the licenses valid.
7 Unless otherwise provided in this Act or by the Commission, no public water supply and sanitation
8 service provider shall commence or conduct the business of providing water supply and sanitation
9 services without first obtaining a license. Concession agreements and other contracts for water supply
10 provision and water sanitation and treatment services currently existing shall remain valid and
11 enforceable unless otherwise terminated, after due notice and hearing for reasons provided in the
12 existing terms and conditions under the concession or service agreement or contract, or when
13 invalidated by the Commission, after due notice and hearing, where national security, national
14 emergency or public interest so dictates.

15 Concession agreements, joint venture agreement, bulk water supply agreements, management
16 and service agreements, and other contracts for water supply provision and water sanitation and
17 treatment services currently existing shall remain valid and enforceable unless otherwise terminated,
18 after due notice and hearing for reasons provided in the existing terms and conditions under the
19 concession or service agreement or contract, or when invalidated by the Commission, after due notice
20 and hearing, where national security, national emergency or public interest so dictates. Until the
21 issuance of new or converted or updated registrations, licenses or permits, as contemplated under this
22 Act, such existing concession agreements, joint venture agreements, bulk water supply agreements,
23 management and service agreements and other contracts for water supply provision or water sanitation
24 treatment services shall serve as the license or other legal basis for the authority to engage in water
25 supply or sanitation services during the term thereof.

26 SEC 28. *Conditions of License.* – The Commission may impose such conditions on the licensee
27 as it may deem necessary, such as:

- 28 (a) Tariffs, rates and charges that may be imposed from its customers or consumers.
- 29 (b) Term fixing the duration of the privilege.
- 30 (c) Grounds for modification, suspension or cancellation of the License.
- 31 (d) Minimum technical performance and service level standards.
- 32 (e) Expansion targets and service level improvements over time.
- 33 (f) Restrictions or conditions for transferability of the business or controlling interest in the
34 business.
- 35 (g) Reportorial requirements and obligations of the grantee.
- 36 (h) Submission to annual performance audit by the Commission or its duly authorized
37 representative(s). The Commission shall specify the requirements and procedure for
38 existing holders of a Certificate of Public Convenience (CPC), Certificates of Public
39 Convenience and Necessity (CPCN) issued by NWRB, or Certificate of Conformance
40 (CoC) issued by LWUA, to convert their existing certificates into licenses to operate in
41 accordance with Sec. 26 herein.

42 The Commission shall specify the requirements and procedure for existing holders of
43 a Certificate of Public Convenience (CPC), Certificates of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPCN)
44 issued by NWRB, or CoC issued by LWUA, to convert their existing certificates into licenses to
45 operate in accordance with Sec. 27 herein.

1 To ensure continuity of water and sanitation services, a CPC, CPCN, provisional authority or
2 a CoC issued by NWRB or the LWUA prior to the effectivity of this Act shall remain valid for a period
3 of five (5) years counted from the later of the date of issuance thereof or the date of effectivity of the
4 implementing rules and regulations duly issued by the Commission for the conversion thereof into
5 licenses to operate in accordance with this Act.

6 All local water utilities, existing water service providers-or holders of CPCN or CoC shall be
7 duly prioritized in the issuance of the licenses to operate over the areas where they currently operate
8 or as may be covered by their franchises. The submission of the CPC, CPCN, provisional authority, or
9 the CoC issued by the NWRB or LWUA shall be sufficient basis for the issuance of the new and
10 converted or updated licenses to operate required and contemplated under this Act. To ensure
11 continuity of service, the Commission shall complete the issuance of such converted or updated
12 licenses not later than six (6) months from the effectivity of the implementing rules and regulation
13 issued by the Commission pursuant to this Act.

14 All existing providers of water supply and sanitation services without a legal and valid CPC,
15 CPCN, provisional authority or CoC shall register with the Commission for a license within six (6)
16 months from the effectivity of this Act.

17 *SEC. 29. Rights and Duties of Licensees. –*

18 (a) Any person granted a license under this Act shall have the obligation to ensure that licensed
19 activities are conducted to further public interest and, in particular:

- 20 (1) Foster the maintenance and development of efficient, coordinated, and viable
21 operation of their licensed activities;
- 22 (2) Ensure that their water supply and sanitation services are provided in a diligent,
23 conscientious and workman like manner, in accordance with applicable laws, rules,
24 and regulations issued by the Commission and the generally accepted standards and
25 practices of the water supply and sanitation industry; and
- 26 (3) Comply with drinking water quality requirements and standards that may be
27 established by the Commission, and that of the Department of Health (DOH).

28 (b) Any person granted a license under this Act shall, to the extent allowed by law and
29 specified in the license, has the right to acquire or lease land, lay or repair water or
30 sanitation main lines and other relevant facilities in public ways to fulfill the terms and
31 conditions under the license.

32 (c) Subject to any condition or limitation laid down in the license, a licensee may discontinue
33 water supply and sanitation services to a customer if such customer defaults in the
34 payment of fees due to the licensee for the water supplied or sanitation services provided,
35 or for acts of pilferage pursuant to Sections 8, 9, 10, and 11 of Republic Act No. 8041,
36 otherwise known as the *Water Crisis Act of 1995*.

37 (d) Any license issued under this Act shall contain provisions designed to ensure that
38 licensees:

- 39 (1) Publish the Tariff and other charges approved by and the terms and conditions
40 imposed by the Commission for the provision of water supply and sanitation
41 services.
- 42 (2) Prepare, within three (3) months from the issuance of a license, in consultation with
43 its customers, a Customer Service Code specifying the manner and procedure for:
44 (a) metering, billing, and collection of the licensee's approved tariff and other
45 charges, (b) disconnection or suspension of service in case of non-payment of tariffs

1 or other charges, or acts of pilferage, and (c) recommendation and recovery of
2 arrears in tariffs and other charges;

3 (3) Maintain financial accounts in accordance with the manner and procedure specified
4 in the license and as may be required by the Commission; and

5 (4) Maintain and upon request by anyone during regular office hours, promptly make
6 available for scrutiny and inspection such data, statistics and other information, as
7 may be required by the Commission.

8 SEC. 30. *Setting Tariffs, Rates, and Other Charges.* – With due regard to the standardized
9 pricing framework developed by the Department pursuant to Section 7(h), the Commission shall
10 establish tariffs, rates and other charges which are fair and reasonable, and ensure economic viability
11 and a fair return on investments.

12 Service providers may apply for the setting of tariffs, rates and charges based on and consistent
13 with a rate-setting methodology that the Commission shall, after due consultation, define and publish,
14 taking into account the following, among others

15 (a) Reasonable and prudent capital and recurrent costs of providing the service including a
16 reasonable rate of return on capital;

17 (b) Efficiency of the service;

18 (c) Incentives for enhancement of efficiency;

19 (d) Capacity to pay of the customers/consumers;

20 (e) Equity considerations;

21 (f) Administrative simplicity;

22 (g) In cases involving valid and subsisting concession agreements prior to the enactment of
23 this Act, the methodology provided under the Concession Agreement; and

24 (h) Compliance with obligations as set out under pertinent laws, jurisprudence, and, in cases
25 involving valid and subsisting concession agreements prior to the enactment of this Act,
26 the provisions of the Concession Agreement; and

27 (i) To the fullest extent practicable, the terms and conditions of the tariffs, rates or other
28 price-setting mechanisms set forth in any concession agreement, joint venture agreement
29 or other similar agreement for the provision of water or sanitation services by an existing
30 service provider.

31 Tariffs, rates and charges set shall be presumed valid and reasonable unless invalidated by the
32 Commission, after due notice and hearing, acting on a protest or contest duly filed with the
33 Commission to ensure continuity of service, application for setting of tariffs, rates and other charges
34 shall be decided within a non-extendible period of ninety (90) days from the date of filing thereof, and
35 the failure of the Commission to act on any such applications shall result in a provisional approval;
36 provided, that in no case shall proceedings on any applications for the setting of tariffs, rates and other
37 charges exceed to a total period of one hundred twenty (120) days reckoned from the date of filing of
38 the application

39 SEC.31. *Direct Access.* – Fifty-one (51) percent of the registered water consumers in a service
40 area, municipality, city or province may petition for direct access to water from any water service
41 provider subject to concurrence by and reasonable compensation to the service provider and approval
42 by the Commission. If the petition for direct access from any water service provider is approved by
43 the Commission, the new water service provider shall reimburse the existing service provider for,
44 as applicable, either the book value or the market value as determined by an independent appraiser
45 accredited by the Commission, whichever is higher, of the water source, water supply or water

1 distribution or transmission facilities, pipelines and other equipment which shall be transferred to or
2 utilized by the new water service provider. The Commission shall promulgate the implementing rules
3 and procedures for this mode of service, which shall include, among others, financial and technical
4 capability of the new service provider.

5 **SEC. 32. Innovative Schemes to Improve Efficiency and Management of Systems.** – The
6 Commission shall promote innovative schemes such as the consolidation or integration of water supply
7 and sanitation services, or providers in the same service area, where it shall result in improved
8 efficiency, service expansion and lower costs. To this end, the Commission shall establish and issue
9 such rules and guidelines as may be necessary to (a) create incentives to encourage efficiency and
10 service expansion; (b) establish the standards and targets that service providers are required to meet;
11 and (c) define the fines and penalties that shall be imposed for failure to meet such standards and
12 targets.

13 **CHAPTER VII**

14 **QUASI-JUDICIAL FUNCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION**

15 **SEC. 33. Proceedings Before the Commission.** – For the purpose of any investigation, inquiry
16 or proceeding, the Commission shall:

- 17 (a) Issue *subpoena duces tecum* and *subpoena ad testificandum*;
- 18 (b) Appoint hearing officers to hear and receive evidence on behalf of the Commission;
- 19 (c) Cite any person or party for contempt for refusal to appear, testify, or comply with an
20 order of the Commission on any matter that is the subject of investigation, inquiry or
21 proceeding before the Commission.

22 **SEC. 34. Orders and Decisions of the Commission.** – Any order, resolution, or decisions of the
23 Commission shall be promulgated promptly, expeditiously, reasonably, and in writing, and shall state
24 clearly and distinctly the facts and law on which it is based. The Commission shall publish and make
25 available for public inspection, all decisions and final orders in the adjudication of contested cases or
26 applications.

27 **SEC. 35. Appeals Procedure and Prohibition Against Injunction.** –

- 28 (a) The orders, rulings, and decisions of the Commission are final and executory unless
29 appealed to the Court of Appeals within fifteen (15) days from receipt of notice of such
30 order, ruling or decision: *Provided*, That orders, rulings, and decisions of the Commission
31 approving tariffs, shall be immediately executory and may be suspended only upon
32 appeal and filing of a bond, in an amount to be fixed by the Commission, to answer for
33 damages occasioned by the suspension or stay of execution of such orders, rulings, and
34 decisions.
- 35 (b) No injunction may be issued by any court or administrative agency to restrain any
36 proceeding before, or the implementation or execution of any order, ruling, or decision
37 of the Commission, except on the basis of a question of law brought before the Supreme
38 Court on *certiorari*.
- 39 (c) Any act or decision of the Commission shall not be invalidated merely because of a defect
40 or irregularity in, or in connection with, the appointment or vacancy in the Office of the
41 Chairperson or any other member of the Commission.

42 **CHAPTER VIII**

43 **INTERDEPARTMENTAL RELATIONS OF THE COMMISSION**

44 **SEC. 36. Interface with Other Sector Regulators.** –

- 1 (a) The DENR shall continue to exercise primary jurisdiction over programs aimed at
2 protecting the environment and the quality of water sources from waste and pollution,
3 and shall promulgate rules, regulations, and standards in this regard. The Department of
4 Health (DOH) shall continue to exercise primary jurisdiction over the determination and
5 enforcement of standards for quality drinking water and sanitation.
- 6 (b) The Commission shall coordinate with the:
- 7 (1) DOH to ensure that the standards and targets for quality drinking water and
8 sanitation are consistently complied with; and
- 9 (2) LGUs for development projects relating to water supply and sanitation.
- 10 (3) PCC for the provision of its technical advisory services in the exercise of the
11 exclusive authority and jurisdiction of the Commission to investigate and act on any
12 market power abuse or anti-competitive or discriminatory act or behavior by or
13 against any participant in the water supply and sanitation sector.

14 **CHAPTER IX**
15 **TRANSITORY PROVISIONS**

16 SEC. 37. Organizational Structure and Staffing Pattern. – The Secretary of the Department and
17 the Chairperson of the Commission shall determine the respective organizational structure and staffing
18 pattern of the Department and the Commission in accordance with the revised compensation and
19 position classification system subject to the evaluation and approval of the Department and Budget
20 Management and in compliance with the civil service laws, rules and regulations and other relevant
21 laws.

22 SEC. 38. *Transfer of Rights and Functions.* – The Department shall, by virtue of this Act
23 be subrogated to all the rights and assume all the functions of the government agencies and units whose
24 powers and functions have been subsumed, absorbed, transferred or attached to the Department. The
25 Commission shall also, by virtue of this Act, be subrogated to all the rights, and assume all the
26 functions, of the Water Utilities Division of the NWRB, the regulatory offices of MWSS and LWUA,
27 the regulatory units of all special economic zones, and all other government agencies and units whose
28 powers and functions have been transferred to the Commission in accordance with the rules and
29 regulations of the CSC.

30 The transfer of powers and functions to the Department or Commission of the concerned
31 agencies as herein provided for, shall be deemed completed within twelve (12) months after the
32 effectivity of this Act. All agencies transferred, subsumed and attached to the Department or
33 Commission shall continue to function under their present mandates until the six-month transition
34 period mandated under this Act shall have lapsed. The transfer of powers and functions shall include
35 all applicable funds, personnel, records, property and equipment, as may be necessary. The heads of
36 the affected agencies shall continue to serve until replaced.

37 All rights and functions of the affected agencies are hereby transferred to and assumed by the
38 Department or Commission and shall be acted upon in accordance with the rules and regulations of
39 the Commission on Audit and other pertinent laws, rules, and regulations.

40 Performance audit of all water-related agencies and institutions, including LWUA and water
41 districts, MWSS, MWSS-RO and its concessionaires, LGU- run utilities, Tourism Infrastructure and
42 Enterprise Zone Authority, Philippine Economic Zone Authority, Bases Conversion and Development
43 Authority, Subic Bay Metropolitan Authority, DILG, and NIA, shall be conducted by the Department.

44 SEC. 39. *Absorption, Separation or Retirement from Service of Employees of the Subrogated*
45 *Agencies.* – The current employees of all government agencies and units whose powers and functions

1 have been transferred to, absorbed or subsumed by the Department or Commission shall enjoy security
2 of tenure, in accordance with their staffing pattern and the selection process as prescribed under
3 Republic Act No. 6656 or the Government Reorganization Law. Employees opting to be separated
4 from the service as a consequence of the consolidation, and reconstitution under the provisions of this
5 Act shall, within one (1) month from their separation or phase out from the service, receive separation
6 benefits in accordance with existing laws, and those who are qualified to retire shall be allowed to
7 retire and be entitled to all benefits under existing retirement laws.

8 CHAPTER X

9 FINAL PROVISIONS

10 SEC. 40. *Applicability of Ease of Doing Business Law.* – The prescribed processing time
11 provided under Section 9.b of Republic Act No. 11032, otherwise known as the Ease of Doing
12 Business and Efficient Government Service Delivery Act of 2018, shall be applicable to all agencies
13 and LGUs covered under this Act particularly on accessing government services.

14 SEC. 41. *Appropriations.* – The amount necessary for the initial implementation of this Act
15 shall be charged against the current year's appropriations of the agencies, entities, divisions, sections
16 or units subsumed or transferred to the Department. Thereafter, such amount shall be included in the
17 annual General Appropriations Act.

18 SEC. 42. *Water Trust Fund.* – There is hereby created a Water Trust Fund in the Bureau of
19 Treasury sourced from raw water pricing, permit fees, registration fees, supervision and regulation
20 enforcement fees, filing fees, testing fees, payments for ecosystem services, and other service income
21 from the use of water resources. The Trust Fund shall be administered by the Department. The annual
22 levies, and reasonable fees and surcharges as may be necessary for achieving the purposes, powers and
23 function of the Water Regulatory Commission under Section 22 (f) of this Act shall also be remitted
24 to the Water Trust Fund. Proceeds from the trust fund shall be utilized for water development, water
25 sanitation and waste water treatment and management, and water sustainability programs and projects
26 authorized under this Act: *Provided*, That a maximum of ten percent (10%) of the total proceeds
27 generated from raw water extraction and all payments for ecosystem services shall be given as share
28 of the concerned local government unit or indigenous peoples (IP) community who own the specific
29 areas or land where the raw water was sourced: *Provided further*, That the Department shall prescribe
30 standards for programs and projects where proceeds from payments for ecosystem services shall be
31 utilized.

32 SEC. 43. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – From the effectivity of this Act,
33 the Department and Commission, as may be applicable, as well as NEDA, DBM, DENR, the Civil
34 Service Commission (CSC), and the National Commission on Indigenous Peoples (NCIP) in
35 consultation with concerned government agencies shall:

- 36 (a) Promulgate the implementing rules and regulations of the Department and Commission
37 within one hundred twenty (120) days after the effectivity of this Act; and
- 38 (b) Submit to the DBM the Department's budget for fiscal year following the promulgation
39 of its implementing rules and regulations; and implement the training of the personnel of
40 the Department.

41 SEC. 44. *Mandatory Review of the Implementation of this Act.* - The Department and the
42 Commission shall conduct a review of the implementation of this Act at the end of the fifth (5th) year
43 from the date of its effectivity and submit a report to Congress.

1 SEC. 45. *Separability Clause.* – If any reason, any portion or provision of this Act shall be held
2 unconstitutional or invalid, the remaining provisions not affected thereby shall continue to be in full
3 force and effect.

4 SEC. 46. *Repealing Clause.* –

5 (a) The following provisions are hereby repealed:

- 6 1) Section 3 (h) and Section 12 on the provision with respect to fixing of water rates
7 and sanitation service fees, Section 3 (n) on the provision with respect to regulation
8 of waterworks and deep wells, and Section 3 (p) on the provision with respect to
9 regulation of waterworks and sanitation systems in privately owned subdivisions of
10 Republic Act 6234 entitled, *An Act Creating The Metropolitan Waterworks And
11 Sewerage System And Dissolving The National Waterworks And Sewerage
12 Authority, And For Other Purposes*, as amended.
- 13 2) Section 62, 63, and 66 of Title III on Local Water Utilities Administration Law of
14 Presidential Decree No. 198 otherwise known as the *Provincial Water Utilities Act
15 of 1973*, as amended by Letter of Instruction No. 700, series of 1978, Letter of
16 Instruction No. 744, series of 1978, Executive Order No. 124, series of 1987,
17 Executive Order No. 123, series of 2002, and Executive Order No. 860, series of
18 2010, on the regulation of water districts.
- 19 3) Section 1 of Executive Order No. 124-A series of 1987, amending Executive Order
20 No. 124, dated 30 January 1987, *Reorganizing the Department of Public Works and
21 Highways, Redefining Its Powers and Functions, and For Other Purposes* on
22 reorganizing the National Water Resources Council into the National Water
23 Resources Board.
- 24 4) Executive Order No. 510 series of 2006 creating the RBCO, and Executive Order
25 No. 516 series of 2009 declaring the RBCO under the DENR as lead government
26 agency for the integrated planning, management, rehabilitation, and development
27 of the country’s river basins.
- 28 5) Executive Order No. 22, series of 2023 creating the Water Resources Management
29 Office (WRMO) of the DENR.

30 (b) The following provisions are hereby amended accordingly:

- 31 1) Section 3 paragraph 3 Commonwealth Act No. 146, as amended, otherwise known
32 as the *Public Service Act* pertaining to all cases involving the fixing of rates;
- 33 2) Section 154, Article V, Chapter I, Title One, Book II of Republic Act No. 7160,
34 as amended, otherwise known as the “*Local Government Code of 1991*”, and its
35 implementing rules and regulations on the power of the LGUs to fix the rates of
36 water utilities owned, operated and maintained by them within their jurisdiction
37 is hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
- 38 3) Section 13 (b) on the regulation of enterprises within the Economic Zone under
39 Republic Act No. 7916 as amended, otherwise known as “*The Special Economic
40 Zone Act of 1995*”;
- 41 4) Section 69 of Republic Act No. 9593 otherwise known as “*The Tourism Act of 2009*”
42 and its implementing rules and regulations which mandate the Tourism
43 Infrastructure and Enterprise Zone Authority to grant franchises, supervise the
44 operation of public utilities, and register, monitor and regulate enterprises within
45 Tourism Enterprise Zones, are hereby repealed or modified accordingly;

- 1 5) Sections 7 of Republic Act No. 9275, otherwise known as *the Philippine Clean Water*
2 *Act of 2004* transferring the administration of the NSSMP from the DPWH to the
3 Department;
4 6) Articles 3(d) and Chapters VII and VIII of Presidential Decree No. 1067 pertaining
5 to the enforcement of the Water Code;
6 7) Section 15 (Conditions in Permits) of the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR)
7 of Presidential Decree 1067, otherwise known as The Water Code of the Philippines
8 8) Section 3.2 (b) of Executive Order No. 149 Series of 1993 transferring the Laguna
9 Lake Development Authority from the Office of the President to the Department of
10 Environment and Natural Resources; and
11 9) Executive Order No, 168, series of 2022, which transferred the National Irrigation
12 Administration from the Office of the President to the Department of Agriculture;

13 All other laws, presidential decrees, executive orders, presidential proclamations, rules and
14 regulations, or parts thereof which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed
15 or amended accordingly.

16 SEC. 47. *Effectivity.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the
17 *Official Gazette* or in a newspaper of general circulation.

18 Approved,