

Republic of the Philippines Department of Environment and Natural Resources

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FOR

: THE REGIONAL EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

DENR-National Capital Region, DENR-Cordillera Administrative

Region, DENR-Regions 1 TO 8

FROM

: THE UNDERSECRETARY

Field Operations-Luzon, Visayas and Environment

SUBJECT

: CALL FOR PROPOSALS FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF KOREA'S

KNOWLEDGE SHARING PROGRAM

DATE

OCT 1 9 2029

Forwarding herewith the memorandum dated 10 October 2023 from the Assistant Secretary for Policy, Planning and Foreign-Assisted and Special Projects (FASPS), pertaining to the call for proposals for the 2025/2026 Knowledge Sharing Program (KSP) of the Government of Korea.

The 2025/2026 KSP aims to 1) enhance partner country's policy environment through strengthened frameworks, mechanisms, systems, and capacities at institutional, organizational, and individual levels; 2) catalyze the development and implementation of effective and efficient national and international projects/programs for socio-economic development; and 3) establish foundations for mutually beneficial economic cooperation.

Relative hereto, please disseminate the information to your concerned officials/employees and directly coordinate with FASPS on other requirements. Kindly take note on the set deadline.

For compliance.

ATTY. JUAN MIGUEL T. CUNA, CESO I

MEMO NO. 2023 - 915



DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES KAGAWARAN NG KAPALIGIRAN AT LIKAS YAMAN



MEMORANDUM

FOR/TO

THE UNDERSECRETARY

Legal and Administration

Finance, Information Systems and Climate Change Field Operations – Luzon, Visayas and Environment

Field Operations - Mindanao

Organizational Transformation and Human Resources

Integrated Environmental Science

THE DIRECTOR / EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Climate Change Service (CCS)

Knowledge and Information Systems Service (KISS) Human Resource Development Service (HRDS)

Policy and Planning Service (PPS)

Environmental Management Bureau (EMB)

Ecosystem Research and Development Bureau (ERDB)

National Water Resources Board (NWRB)

FROM

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY

Policy, Planning and Foreign-Assisted and Special Projects

SUBJECT

GOVERNMENT OF KNOWLEDGE SHA

OF KOREA (GOK) 202

2025/2026

SHARING PROGRAM CALL FOR

PROPOSALS

This pertains to the letter of the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA) dated 26 September 2023 conveying the 2025/2026 Knowledge Sharing Program (KSP) of the Government of Korea (GOK).

The KSP is a support window of the GOK for joint research and studies aimed in achieving socio-economic development of partner countries. Some of the GOK's areas / projects of expertise are the following:

- a. Economic development planning
- b. Macro-financial policy
- c. Public finance
- d. Research and development
- e. Information and communications technology
- f. Human resource development
- g. Public administration

Should you have proposals / initiatives that may need further assistance, your Office may accomplish the KSP Form which can be accessed through this link: https://bit.ly/2025-2026KSP_DENR. Kindly endorse the duly accomplished form/s through the Foreign Assisted and Special Projects Service (FASPS) by 27 October 2023.

For further inquiries and submission of the form/s, your staff may coordinate with Ms. Marilou T. Calado or For John Darren M. Chua of the Project Preparation Division (PPD) of the Foreign Assisted and Special Projects Service (FASPS) at telephone number 8926-8065 or through email addresses: mtcalado@denr.gov.ph / jdmchua@denr.gov.ph.

For information and consideration.

NORALENE M. UY, Ph.D

Copy furnished:

THE UNDERSECRETARY

Policy, Planning and International Affairs



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

NATIONAL ECONOMIC AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

September 26, 2023

SUBJECT:

2025/2026 Knowledge Sharing Program

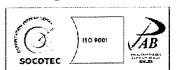
Dear Sirs/Mesdames:

This refers to the Government of Korea's (GOK) 2025/2026 Knowledge Sharing Program (KSP), which aims to (i) enhance partner country's policy environment through strengthened frameworks, mechanisms, systems, and capacities at institutional, organizational, and individual levels; (ii) catalyze the development and implementation of effective and efficient national and international projects/programs for socio-economic development; and (iii) establish foundations for mutually beneficial economic cooperation.

The Program, administered by the Ministry of Economy and Finance of the GOK, focuses on supporting projects in the areas where Korea has strong expertise. These include: (i) economic development planning, (ii) macro-financial policy, (iii) public finance; (iv) industrial policy, (v) trade and export promotion, (vi) business and SME development, (vii) science and technology, R&D, ICT, (viii) transport and urban development, (ix) energy, (x) water and sanitation, (xi) environment, (xii) rural development, (xiii) health and medicine, (xiv) social welfare, (xv) education and HR development, (xvi) public administration, and (xvii) employment and labor, among others.

Should your Agency wish to participate in the Program, please be guided by the attached *Project Proposal Guidelines* and submit to NEDA the (i) official endorsement of the proposal by the head of the agency, and (ii) duly accomplished 2025/2026 KSP Project Proposal on or before **October 10, 2023**, for subsequent endorsement to the GOK upon NEDA's favorable review.

2025/2026 Knowledge Sharing Program
Page 1 of 4



Should you have further questions on the matter, your Office may wish to coordinate with Ms. Nathalie Gabrielle A. Tatualla of the Asia Pacific Division of our Public Investment Staff through email: pis-aspac@neda.gov.ph, or telephone numbers: 8631-2165 or 8631-3748.

Very truly yours,

JOSEPH J. CAPUNO

Undersecretary

Investment Programming Group

cc: ACTING ASSISTANT SECRETARY AILEEN S. MENDIOLA-RAU, DFA - Office of Asian and

Pacific Affairs

COUNSELLOR KWON SOON HYUN, Embassy of Korea - Economic Section

Attachment: 2025/2026 KSP Project Proposal Guidelines

2025/2026 Knowledge Sharing Program Mailing List

Vice President Sara Z. Duterte-Carpio

Department of Education Pasig City

Secretary Benjamin E. Diokno

Department of Finance Manila City

Secretary Amenah F. Pangandaman

Department of Budget and Management Manila City

Secretary Alfredo E. Pascual

Department of Trade and Industry Makati City

Secretary Bienvenido E. Laguesma

Department of Labor and Employment Manila City

Secretary Renato U. Solidum, Jr.

Department of Science and Technology Taguig City

Secretary Conrado M. Estrella III

Department of Agrarian Reform Quezon City

Secretary Raphael Perpetuo M.

Lotilla

Department of Energy Taguig City

Secretary Teodoro J. Herbosa

Department of Health Manila City

Secretary Jose Rizalino L. Acuzar

Department of Human Settlements and Urban Development Makati City

Secretary Ma. Antonia Yulo-Loyzaga

Department of Environment and Natural Resources Quezon City

Secretary Ma. Esperanza Christina C.

Frasco

Department of Tourism Makati City

Secretary Ivan John E. Uy

Department of Information and Communications Technology Quezon City

Secretary Gilberto C. Teodoro, Jr.

Department of National Defense Quezon City

2025/2026 Knowledge Sharing Program Mailing List

Secretary Jaime J. Bautista

Department of Transportation Clark Freeport Zone, Pampanga

Secretary Rexion T. Gatchalian

Department of Social Welfare and Development Quezon City

Secretary Suharto Mangudadatu

Technical Education and Skills Development Authority Taguig City

Secretary Manuel M. Bonoan

Department of Public Works and Highways Manila City

Governor Eli M. Remolona Jr.

Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas Manila City Senior Undersecretary Domingo F.

Panganiban

Department of Agriculture Quezon City

Acting Administrator Eduardo G.

Guillen

National Irrigation Administration Quezon City

Administrator Antonio Mariano

Almeda

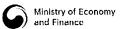
National Electrification Administration Quezon City

Chairperson Karlo Alexei B. Nograles

Civil Service Commission

Chairperson J. Prospero E. De Vera III

Commission on Higher Education
Quezon City



Revised in August 2023



Knowledge Sharing Program (KSP) Project Proposal Guidelines

- This document contains guidelines on applying for the Knowledge Sharing Program (KSP) administered by the Ministry of Economy and Finance, Republic of Korea.
- Submit project proposals, the priority list and an official letter from the ODA coordinating institution to the Embassy of the Republic of Korea no later than November 24, 2023.
- For more information, visit the KSP website at www.ksp.go.kr.

Ministry of Economy and Finance Republic of Korea

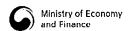
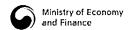




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Part I. Introduction to the Knowledge Sharing Program

1. Background

Knowledge sharing has emerged as an important instrument of development and economic cooperation, proving to effectively improve countries' policy and institutional capacities. Various entities including developing and developed countries, and international organizations such as the OECD and World Bank have endorsed knowledge sharing as a means to deepen mutual learning and create horizontal partnerships.

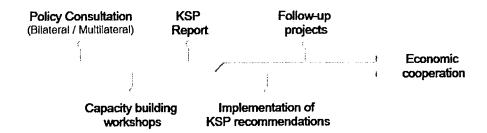
Korea has successfully transitioned from an aid recipient to a donor country over the past century. To make full use of such an exceptional experience, the Ministry of Economy and Finance of Korea (MOEF) launched a mutual learning program called the Knowledge Sharing Program (KSP) in 2004. KSP conducts joint research and studies to support public efforts in achieving socio-economic development.

Through in-depth and comprehensive analyses of challenges, the program generates practical recommendations and proposes solutions with reference to Korea's comparable experiences, practices and plans. The program also provides opportunities for institutional, organizational and individual capacity building and networking programs.

As of 2022, nearly 670 projects covering over 1,400 topics have been implemented with more than 90 countries around the world.

2. Objectives

- (1) Enhance partner country's policy environment through strengthened frameworks, mechanisms, systems and capacities at institutional, organizational and individual levels
- (2) Catalyze the development and implementation of effective and efficient national and international projects/programs for socio-economic development
- (3) Establish foundations for mutually beneficial economic cooperation



3. Structure

MOEF, the supervising ministry of KSP, oversees the overall program and works with implementing agencies that manage individual projects. The implementing agencies are the Korea Development Institute (KDI), Korea Eximbank (KEXIM), and Korea Trade-Investment Promotion Agency (KOTRA). Individual projects are executed by KSP Consultants, a team of Korean experts.





4. KSP support

4.1. Standard modality

KSP is a one-year consultation program implemented in the span of two calendar years (e.g. 2025/26 KSP begins in 2025 and ends in 2026). Around 30 to 40 bilateral projects are implemented each year with about 20 partner countries.

Key deliverables of a KSP project are (1) a country- and problem-specific recommendation report drafted by the Korean executing entity with inputs from the partner country and (2) a 5-day capacity-building workshop for national officials and staff. The report is published in English and additional publication in the local language may be available upon the partner country's request.

4.2. Additional modalities

KSP supports a selected number of projects under 2 non-standard modalities: Fast-track KSP and Multiple-year KSP.

- Fast-track KSP undergoes an accelerated appraisal and approval procedure to support highly urgent matters resulting from the reasons below:
 - Emergency response and recovery: response to natural/social disasters, infectious diseases, significant social, economic, political changes or crises
 - Key state-led policy/program: timely support for implementing policies, initiatives, etc. to address key agendas with defined completion dates
 - Diplomatic agenda: cooperation in areas under bi/multilateral diplomatic agendas agreed at summits and high-level meetings
 - Bilateral economic cooperation: timely support for ongoing and forthcoming economic cooperation
- Multiple-year KSP takes a programmatic approach to support countries developing and implementing strategies and/or pipeline projects to bridge policy, technical and capacity gaps and barriers. KSP support may be approved for up to 3 project cycles.

4.3. Project areas

KSP supports projects in the following areas in which Korea has strong expertise (see Appendix 1 for specific areas):

- Economic development planning
- Macro-financial policy
- · Public finance
- Industrial policy
- Trade and export promotion
- Business and SME (small and medium enterprises) development
- Science and technology, R&D, ICT
- Transport and urban development
- Energy
- Water and sanitation
- Environment





- Rural development
- Health and medicine
- Social welfare
- Education and HR (human resource) development
- Public administration
- Employment and labor
- Other (culture, tourism, etc.)

4.4. Cycle

Sub-stages
Submission of Proposal:
Country submits (1) Project proposal, (2) Priority list, and (3)
Letter of Request to the Korean Embassy
Review and Approval:
MOEF and government of Korea conduct thorough preliminary
review. Upon approval, MOEF notifies the partner country's
coordinating institution
Preliminary meeting:
Partner country and implementing agency specify research topics
and activity scope
Procurement and legal arrangements:
Implementing agency selects KSP Consultants through an open,
transparent and competitive process
Launching seminar and high-level meeting:
Interested parties specify research questions and work plan
Policy seminar and in-depth study:
KSP team conducts on-site due diligence at the project country
Interim reporting and practitioner's workshop:
KSP team shares research progress, and the partner country's
delegation makes site visits to relevant Korean institutions
Senior policy dialogue and final reporting:
KSP team presents results, and interested parties discuss and
review final recommendations
Project result monitoring and evaluation:
Implementing agency conducts interviews and research to
understand countries' usage of KSP results (outputs) and track
their progress in meeting project goals

^{*} See Appendix 2 for details of the implementation stage, and Appendix 3 for details of the partner country's responsibilities.





4.5. Cost

The Korean government covers project costs for ODA recipient countries defined by the OECD Development Assistance Committee (Appendix 4). The budget for a single KSP project ranges from 250,000 to 500,000 USD. The partner country may bear in-kind expenses such as costs associated with the meeting venue and travel expenses to Korea. Details are stipulated in the Memorandum of Understanding and/or Activity Agreement.

^{*}MOEF does **not** provide direct financial support to the partner country.





Part II. Applying for the KSP

1. Writing the Proposal

Government institutions (ministries, agencies, etc.) that wish to apply for the KSP must complete the *project proposal* template (*Form 2*).

Throughout the proposal, it is important to ensure that the proposed project is

- consistent with KSP's objectives¹
- aligns with the national development plans/strategies and priorities, pertinent to areas where Korea has comparative advantages
- complements and does not overlap with past and ongoing projects implemented by the country/development partners
- expressed in a clear and detailed manner (pay special attention when explaining project necessity, proposed intervention, and plans to build on the project's results)

Examples of projects that are ineligible for approval include the following:

- projects submitted by a private organization
- projects that provide humanitarian aid
- projects that directly finance the construction of physical infrastructures or the purchase of software systems²
- projects that are commercial/for-profit
- projects in the fields of national defense, religion, peace and security

2. Submitting the Proposal

Government Institution	 Completes the project proposal Submits the proposal(s) to the coordinating institution 	See Form 2
▼		
Coordinating Institution	 3. Collects submitted project proposals 4. Completes the priority list 5. Submits the official letter of request, priority list and project proposals to the Embassy of the Republic of Korea 	See Form 1
▼		
Embassy of the Republic of Korea	6. Delivers all submissions to MOEF	
▼		
MOEF	7. Reviews and approves projects, notifies the country	

¹ KSP projects support policy and institutional development at the national and sub-national level, implementation of large-scale projects and adoption of software systems through pre-feasibility studies, and private sector development.

A proposal designed to prepare the project country for applying to Korea's development finance programs (EDCF, EDPF, Export Finance) and/or ODA programs (KOICA, etc.) is eligible to apply for KSP support.





(1) Government Institution \rightarrow Coordinating Institution

A ministry or government-affiliated organization develops the *project proposal (Forms 2, 3, 4)* and delivers the document to the coordinating institution. *Proposals that are not submitted via the coordinating institution will not be reviewed by MOEF.*

* Required forms by project type: Standard KSP - Form 2; Fast-track KSP - Forms 2 and 3; Multiple-year KSP - Forms 2 and 4

** Coordinating institution: project country's institution responsible for ODA or economic/international cooperation with the Republic of Korea

(2) Coordinating Institution → Korean Embassy

The coordinating institution collects project proposals from government institutions and completes the *priority list (Form 1)*, considering the urgency and importance of the projects based on countries' policy priorities and national development plans.

Then, the coordinating institution sends an *official letter of request for KSP* support with the priority list and project proposals to the Embassy of the Republic of Korea. The proposal package must include all documents below for review by MOEF:

- (1) Official letter of request
- (2) Priority list
- (3) Project proposals sorted according to the priority list

If the coordinating institution wishes to make additional submissions, the proposal package must include (1) a new official letter of request, (2) an updated priority list and (3) additional project proposals. Project proposals that have been submitted do not have to be resubmitted.

(3) Korean Embassy → MOEF

The Korean embassy forwards all documents to MOEF.

(4) MOEF \rightarrow Korean Embassy, coordinating institution

MOEF reviews and approves projects in consideration of their expected impact as well as the program portfolio of the relevant cycle, Korea's national strategies, etc.

Then, MOEF notifies the coordinating institution of approved projects with an official letter by the first quarter of 2024.





3. Schedule

Standard KSP: ODA project proposals submitted in 2023 will undergo a thorough preliminary review by the Korean government in 2024. Approved projects will be implemented in the 2025/2026 cycle (launch in 2025, close in 2026).

2023	ODA recipient country submits standard KSP project proposal
V	
2024	Appraisal
▼	
2025~	Approval in early 2025 by MOEF →
2026	implementation during 2025/2026

Fast-track KSP: ODA project proposals submitted in 2023 and deemed highly urgent and important will undergo an accelerated appraisal and approval procedure to be implemented in the 2024/2025 cycle (launch in 2024, close in 2025).

2023	ODA recipient country submits fast-track KSP project proposal	
▼		
2024~	Appraisal and approval in 2024 by MOEF →	
2025	implementation during 2024/2025	

Multiple-year KSP: ODA project proposals submitted in 2023 and deemed highly in need of continuous KSP support will undergo a thorough review in 2024 and be implemented for up to 3 project cycles - 2025/2026, 2026/2027, 2027/2028.

2023	ODA recipient country submits standard KSP project proposal	
▼		
2024	Appraisal	
V		
2025~	Approval in early 2025 by MOEF →	
2028	implementation during 2025/2026 and onwards	





Appendix 1. Project Areas

Area	Example
Economic development planning	national economic development plan
Macro-financial policy	macro-economic and financial policy, monetary and credit policy, financial institution (banks, etc.)
Public finance	fiscal policy, budget, debt management, tax, public investment, public-private partnership (PPP)
Industrial policy	industrial restructuring, industrial growth and diversification, industrial parks and clusters
Trade and export promotion	trade and foreign direct investment (FDI), global value chain (GVC), free economic zones
Business and SME (small and medium enterprises) development	business enabling environment, large corporations, SMEs, start-ups, entrepreneurship, regulation policy
Science and technology, R&D, ICT	digital transformation, technology innovation, ICT-based systems, Big Data, intellectual property rights
Transport and urban development	transportation and mobility systems/services, urban planning and management, smart cities, geospatial services
Energy	energy and power policies, renewable energy
Water and sanitation	water resource management (drinking, wastewater), flood and drought risk management
Environment	climate change response, waste management, environmental protection, circular economy
Rural development	rural management (agriculture, fishery, etc.), rural economy and infrastructure
Health and medicine	disease control, health systems and policies, medical services, nutrition and food security
Social welfare	social safety net, social insurance and pensions, social inclusion, social protection delivery systems
Education and HR (human resource) development	education, technical & vocational education and training (TVET), human resource management (HRD)
Public administration	public sector management, e-government, state-owned enterprises (SOE)
Employment and labor	labor market institutions, job creation, job quality
Other (culture, tourism, etc.)	other public policies





Appendix 2. Implementation Stage

Sub-stage	Location	Activities		
1. Preliminary Meeting	online, partner country	 The implementing agency communicates with the partner country to identify project details (policy priorities, relevant stakeholders, communication channels) and specify project objectives, topics, work scope, desired outcomes Based on discussions, the implementing agency selects KSP Consultants, a team of Korean experts, to execute the project 		
2. Launching Seminar and High-level Meeting	partner country	 The KSP team (implementing agency and KSP consultants) visits the partner country to launch the project and conduct on-site research High-level representatives of both sides discuss project direction based on policy priorities The KSP team selects local consultants with appropriate qualifications based on partner country's recommendation 		
3. Policy Seminar and In-depth Study	partner country	• The KSP team visits relevant organizations and sites in the partner country to conduct in-depth analysis and expert discussions.		
4. Interim Reporting and Practitioners' Workshop	Korea	 KSP Consultants present interim recommendations to project stakeholders of both sides Project stakeholders of the partner country (government officials, etc.) participate in the Practitioner's Workshop (comprises site visits to relevant Korean organizations, expert seminars and meetings with Korean public/private entities) 		
5. Senior Policy Dialogue and Final Reporting	partner country	 Government officials of both sides discuss final recommendations during the Senior Policy Dialogue KSP Consultants present final recommendations to project stakeholders from the government, private sector, academia, media, etc. Project stakeholders evaluate the relevancy and sustainability of the final recommendations and discuss plans to build on the project's results 		





Appendix 3. Responsibilities of Partner Country

1. Recommend qualified local consultants

The partner country is responsible for recommending qualified local consultants who have expertise in the project area. The scope of work is as follows:

- (1) conduct research on the country's background/status in the project context
- (2) partly draft the KSP report
- (3) cooperate with the Korean KSP team to execute the project

2. Provide in-kind contribution

The Korean government may ask the partner country to make in-kind contributions within available resources (e.g. provision of office space, interpretation, etc.) to coordinate the visits of Korean experts to the partner country during any stage of the project cycle.

Details are to be stipulated in the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) and Activity Agreement between the two counterpart organizations.

3. Arrange meetings and organize seminars

The partner country is responsible for facilitating the execution of sub-stages that take place at the partner country:

- arrange meetings with senior government officials and experts specializing in the study's topic upon the request of the Korean experts; and
- organize seminars/workshops and provide logistical supports

4. Organize the delegation's visit

The partner country is responsible for composing its delegation to Korea for the Interim Reporting and Practitioners' Workshop.





OECD DAC List of ODA Recipients Appendix 4.

(https://www.occd.org/dac/financing-sustainable-development/development-finance-standards/daclist.htm)

DAC LIST of ODA Recipients | Effective for reporting on 2022 and 2023 flows

53,501 587821.889 · U...11833 M. J. 35. 3

Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Syrian Arab Republic

LOWER MIDDLE INCOME COUNTRIES (per capita GHI \$1,046-\$4,095 in 2020) HAPER HUBBER HEDDE BUCHRES Elizabilità de la

Afghanistan (L) Angola (LM) Bangladesh (LM) Benin (LM) Bhutan' (LM) Burkina Faso (L) Burundi (L) Cambodia (LM)

Central African Republic (L) Chad (L)

Compres (LM)

Democratic Republic of the Congo (L)

Djibouti (LM) Eritrea (L) Ethiopia (L) Gambia (L) Gursea (L) Guinea-Bissau (LI Haiti (LM) Kırıbati (LM)

Lao People's Democratic Republic (LM)

Leso:ho (LM) Liberia (L) Madagascar (L) Malawi (L) Mali (L) Mauritania (LM) Mozambique (L) Myanmar (LM) Nepal (LM) Nige: (L) Rwanda (L)

Sao Tome and Principe! (LM)

Senegal (LM) Sierra Leone (L) Solomon Islands¹ (LM) Somalia (L) South Sudan (L) Sudan (L) Tanzania (LM) Timor-Leste (LM Togo (L) Tuvalu (UM) Uganda (L) Yemen (L)

Zembia (LM)

Algeria Belize Bolivia Cabo Verde Cameroon Conpo Côte d'ivoire Egypt El Salvador Eswatish Ghana Honduras India Indonesia tran Kenya Kyrgyzstan Micronesia Mongolia Nicaragua Nigeria Pakistan Papua New Guinea Philippines Samoa Sri Lanka Tatikistan Tokelau* Tunisia Ukraine Uzbekisten Vanuatu

West Bank and Gaza Strip

Zimbabwo

jartisa ili khirishkarish rean

Albania Argentina Armenia Azerbaijan Belarus Bosnia and Herzegovina

China (People's Republic of) Colombia Costa Rica Cuba Dominica Dominican Republic Eduador Equatorial Guinea fiji Gabon Georgia Grenada Guatemala Guyana Iraq Jamaica Jordan Kazakhstan Kosovo Lebasson Litya Malaysia Maldives Marshall Islands Mauritius Mexico

Montenegro Montserrat* Namibla Nauru^a (H) fline' North Macedonia Palau Panama Paraguay Saint Helena*

Moldova

Saint Lucia Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

South Africa Suriname Thailand Tonga Turkey Turkmenistan

Venezueta^a

Wallis and Futuna*

(1) General Assembly revolution A773/L.46/Rev.1 adopted on 13 December 2018 decided that Bhutan will graduate five years times was research resolution, i.e. on 13 December 2023, and that Sao Tond and Principe and Solution Islands will graduate six years after the adoption of the resolution, i.e. on 13 December 2023, and that Sao Tond and Principe and Solution Islands will graduate six years after the adoption of the resolution, i.e. on 13 December 2024.

(2) Nauru exceeded the high-income Bireshold in 2019 and 2020. In accordance with the DAC rules for revision of this List, if it remains a high income country until 2022, it will be proposed for graduation from the List in the 2023 review.

(3) Venezuela has been temporarily unclassified by the World Bank in July 2021 pending release of revised national accounts statistics. Estimated placement on the List.

*Countries and territories not classified in World Bank income croups. Estimated placement on the List

Note: L. L.M., UM and H shown after country names refer to the latest World Bank income classifications of: LDCs and any high-income countries that have not yet met the criteria for graduation. For the World Bank's current 2021 fiscal year, low-income (L) economies are defined as those with a GNI per capita, calculated using the World Bank Atlas method, of USD 1,045 or less in 2020; lower middle-income (LM) economies are those with a GNI per capita. between USD 1,046 and USD 4,095; upper mildote-income (UM) economies are those with a GRI per capita between USD 4,096 and USD 12,695; high-income (H) economies are those with a GRI per capita of USD 12,695 or more. The countries and territories within the classifications of 'Low Income Countries', 'Lower Middle Income Countries and Territories', and 'Upper Middle Income Countries and Territories' exclude those that are not LDCs.



DACLIST OF ODA Recipients | Effective for reporting on 2022 and 2023 flows | on obtain in ada community

Priority List of KSP Project Proposals (ODA)

Country: Type here

ODA coordinating institution: Type here

Number of proposals submitted: Type here *Up to 5 recommended, given finite resources

No.	Project Title	Institution
1	Type here	Type here
2		
3		
4		
5		

The proposals listed above are submitted for review and approval as KSP projects.

Name	Signature	DD/MM/YYYY Date
Position	Type here	
Department	Type here	
Phone number	Type here	
E-mail	Type here	
Emails to carbon copy	Type here	

^{*}The signatory is authorized to request KSP support by the ODA coordinating institution.

Knowledge Sharing Program (KSP) Project Proposal

Country		
Official country name		
Institution		
If your institution is a government-		
affiliated organization, also indicate		
the supervising authority		
Project type	☐ Standard KSP (2025/20	026)
Fast-track and Multiple-year KSP are	☐ Fast-track KSP (2024/2	025)
optional and additional requests	☐ Multiple-year KSP	•
Project title		
Country name and main purpose of		
the project; avoid generic titles;		
max. length: 150 characters		
Project summary		
Describe the problem addressed and		
list the objectives		
This proposal is submitted for review	and approval as a KSP pr	
	<u>C:</u>	DD/MM/YYYY
Name	Signature	Date

Notes

- 1. Standard: 1-year project in the 2025/2026 cycle. Submit Form 2
- 2. Fast-track: 1-year project in the 2024/2025 cycle. Submit Forms 2 and 3
- 3. Multiple-year: multi-year project for up to 3 cycles. Submit Forms 2 and 4

¹ KSP support is provided in the form of policy/technical consultation and a 5-day workshop. Direct financial support, transfer of goods, and longer-term training are non-eligible forms.

² Types of KSP support are as follows:

³ Deliver this proposal to the project country's ODA coordinating institution for submission.

Part I. Project Description

1. Project Background

1.1. Situation and problem analysis

Elaborate on the background of this proposal. Provide an overview of the country's current situation in the relevant areas/sectors, and describe gaps and barriers that this project will address. What are the specific challenges in the national policies, plans, processes and capacities (institutional, human, technical) that are to be overcome with KSP support? Type here

1.2. Policy and institutional context

Describe efforts undertaken by your country to tackle the challenges and issues addressed above. Identify the country's policy priorities and provide details of relevant plans, strategies, etc. Present the information in the table below.

Also, describe the institutional framework - mandates and roles of responsible ministries, etc. Elaborate on how this project aligns with existing policy and institutional frameworks.

Type here

Policy, strategy, etc.	Details	

1.3. Complementary development cooperation projects/programs

Indicate other development cooperation interventions that are relevant to the problem this project will address. These include past, ongoing, and expected assistance projects/programs provided by the Korean government (EDCF loans, grants, etc.) or other development partners (international organizations, donor countries, etc.). Elaborate on the complementarities and synergies with the proposed project. Present the information in the table below.

Title	
Type/budget	
Implementing partner	
Implementation status/period	
Objectives, outputs, results (expected)	
Complementarities	

1.	.4.	P	ast	KSP	coo	peration

If your institution has received KSP support previously, describe how project outputs were used to make progress and /or advancements toward the desired goal.

Title	
Project year	
Major outcomes	

1.5. Consultation with a Korean institution(s)

If any Korean institution has been involved in developing this proposal, indicate the institution's name, describe their inputs, and provide a brief history of discussions.

Type here

2. Project Information

2.1. Project title: Type here

Reference the country and indicate the main purpose/impact of this project.

Avoid generic titles like "Sustainable Development in Korea".

Maximum length: 150 characters.

2.2. Project objectives

Identify the objectives of this project - How will KSP intervention specifically address the identified barriers?

Discuss how this proposal is additional to and not overlapping with past or ongoing interventions, and links to the ultimate goal this project will contribute to.

Type here

2.3. Project sector

Check the relevant sector(s) of this project.

Sector	Sector
Economic development planning	Water and sanitation
Macro-financial policy	Environment
Public finance	Rural development
Industrial policy	Health and medicine
Trade and export promotion	Social welfare
Business and SME development	Education and HR development
Science and Technology, R&D, ICT	Public administration
Transport and urban development	Employment and labor
Energy	Other (culture, tourism, etc.)

2.4. KSP Project topics

Propose a maximum of five (5) topics this project should focus on. Topics will later serve to specify the scope of the study (needs assessment, case analysis, research). Present topics in terms of specific objectives and/or outcomes, rather than generic activities like "capacity building workshop".

Please indicate a project scope that can be reasonably completed within the project budget $(250,000 \sim 500,000 \text{ USD})$ and duration $(9 \sim 12 \text{ months})$.

* Key deliverables of KSP are a country- and problem-specific recommendation report, and a 5-day capacity-building workshop for national officials and staff.

Topic 1)

- Title: Type here

- Description: Type here

Topic 2)

- Title: Type here

- Description: Type here

Topic 3)

- Title: Type here

- Description: Type here

Topic 4)

- Title: Type here

- Description: Type here

2.5. Expected expertise of KSP Consultants

Explain what you require from the Korean executing entities in terms of qualifications, skills, knowledge, experience, etc.

Type here

2.6. Risk management plan

Identify, if any, major risks and potential conflicts of interest that could negatively affect the project objectives from being achieved. Address their probabilities of occurrence and severities of consequences. Provide mitigation and management measures.

Type here

3. Exit Strategy

3.1. Desired result

Check the relevant result area(s) this project is directed towards.

Desired result	Specific result
	☐ Draft/amend legislation or regulations
Enhance policy	☐ Prepare new policy plans or budgets
environment	☐ Establish/strengthen organizations/institutions
	☐ Capacity building/knowledge transfer to relevant stakeholders
Complement	☐ Project country-driven
Complement development	☐ Supported by the Korean government (EDCF, KOICA, etc.)
projects	☐ Supported by development partners (multilateral development banks, donor countries, etc.)
C-4-1	☐ Establish public-private partnerships in succeeding activities
Catalyze private sector engagement	☐ Support the local private sector
sector engagement	☐ Create business partnerships with the Korean private sector
Other	Type here

3.2. Specific follow-up measures

Given the response above, elaborate on how your institution will utilize this KSP project to achieve the desired goal. Present details of plans/commitments to implement follow-up activities to ensure the sustainability of this project.

Type here

4. Other Relevant Information

Provide any other relevant information deemed necessary for consideration by the Korean government.

Type here

Part II. Partner Description

A. Institution Information

Provide a brief introduction of your institution. If your institution is a government-affiliated organization, indicate the supervising authority (ministry, etc.) by text and illustration.

Institution name		
Address		
Website		
Description Size, date of establishment, scope of operations/ principal activities, etc. Organizational chart		

B. Contact Information

1. Project Supervisor

The Project Supervisor will supervise the implementation of this KSP project. Please provide the information of a Director-General or an equivalent official.

Name		
Position		
Department/Division		
Phone Number		-
E-mail		 -

2. Project Coordinator

The Project Coordinator will be responsible for the day-to-day communication with the Korean implementing agency and consultants throughout the project cycle.

Name	
Position	
Department/Division	
Phone Number	
E-mail	

Part III. Attachments

Note: Please attach any supporting documents relevant to this project proposal.

Fast-track KSP request

Note: Complete this form if your institution is applying for a *fast-track KSP* – project implemented in the 2024/2025 cycle.

1. Fast-track type

Check the relevant type(s) of this fast-track project.

Туре
Emergency response and recovery response to natural/social disasters, infectious diseases, significant social, economic, political changes or crises
Key state-led policy/program timely support for implementing/establishing policies, initiatives, etc. to address key agendas with defined completion dates
Diplomatic agenda cooperation in areas under bi/multilateral diplomatic agendas agreed at summits and high-level meetings
Bilateral economic cooperation timely support for ongoing and forthcoming economic cooperation

2. Context on fast-track necessity

Given the response above, provide sufficient context for requesting a fast-track procedure. What political, institutional, socio-economic, environmental and other factors require KSP support in the 2024/2025 cycle?

Type here

3. Further indication

Only a limited number of proposals will be approved under the fast-track modality due to limited resources. Please indicate your institution's preferred option in case this proposal is not decided to move forward as a fast-track KSP.

 Next step
Review and consider as a standard KSP implemented in the 2025/2026 cycle
Withdraw from consideration

4. Letter of fast-track request

Please attach an official letter that briefly summarizes the urgent necessity of this request, endorsed by the senior management of your institution.

Multiple-year KSP request

Notes

- ¹ Complete this form if your institution is applying for a multiple-year KSP project implemented for up to 3 cycles (2025/2026 ~ 2027/2028).
- ² Direct financial support, transfer of goods, and longer-term training are **non-eligible** forms of support during the entire period.

1. Context on multiple-year necessity

Present how this multiple-year proposal takes a programmatic approach to address the overarching problem. What is the ultimate goal envisioned through this proposal, and why is continuous KSP support appropriate rather than single-year support?

Describe the details (objectives, outcomes) of succeeding KSP project(s) in the table below.

* Specific topics and scope of work are subject to adjustment based on the Y1 results and the then policy environment.

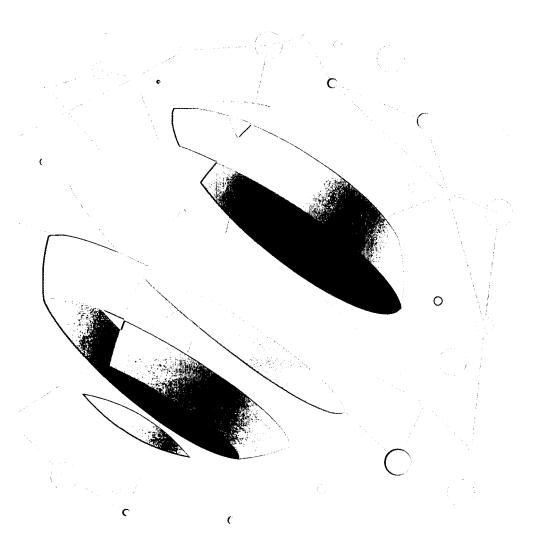
Project year	Title	Objectives, outcomes
Y1: 2025/2026 KSP (addressed in Form 2)		
Y2: 2026/2027 KSP		
Y3: 2027/2028 KSP		
Goal	Ultimately anticipated changes proposal aims to contribute to.	s that this multiple-year KSP

Type here

2. Further indication

Only a limited number of proposals will be approved under the multiple-year modality due to limited resources. Please indicate your institution's preferred option in case this proposal is **not decided to move forward** as a multiple-year KSP.

Next step
Review and consider as a <i>standard KSP</i> implemented for single-year in the 2025/2026 cycle
Withdraw from consideration



Knowledge haring Program

INTRODUCTION TO THE KNOWLEDGE SHARING PROGRAM

The **Knowledge Sharing Program (KSP)** shares experiences and proposes solutions to address policy and capacity gaps, improve sectoral expertise, and enhance enabling environments in support of partner countries' initiatives for sustainable development and stronger economic partnerships with the Republic of Korea.

MSIOM

KSP
POLICY
CONSULTATION

ADOPTION OF POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS & FOLLOW-UP PROJECTS

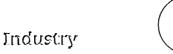
ECONOMIC
COOPERATION &
SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT



KSP THEMES

macro-economic policies, public finance, national development strategy

Economic Policies



industrial policies, science & technology, trade, corporate policies, small & medium enterprises



Social Livelihoods

rural development, agriculture, HR development, social welfare, health & medicine



Infrastructure & Environment



transport, smart city, energy, water and sanitation, climate change response

Public Management



public administration, digital government, employment

STRUCTURE

Administered by the **Ministry of Economy and Finance of Korea**, KSP operates based on partnerships with expert institutions.



Finances and administers the overall Knowledge Sharing Program

: Implementing Agencies







Oversees the management and implementation of individual KSP projects approved by MOEF and executed by KSP consultants

KSP Consultants

Execute activities approved under individual KSP projects; Korean experts from the public/private sector, selected by the implementing agencies

CHANNELS OF KSP COOPERATION

Bilateral KSP

Multilateral KSP (Joint Consulting)



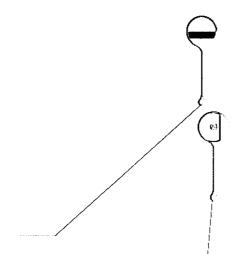
92 Partner Countries and 5 Regional Networks

12 International Organizations



MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS

KSP projects lead to enhanced policies and institutions, follow-up projects/ programs, and private sector engagement.



Enhancing the National Quality Infrastructure (17/18)

Colombia

- Reshaped the *National Quality Award* into the *Colombian Export Quality Award to* encourage SMEs' compliance with quality standards and entry into foreign markets
- Increased budget for the National Metrology
 Institute

Peru ____

Modernizing Shipbuilding Facilities (19/20)

- Evolved into a FS on *Modernizing the Peruvian*Shipyards of SIMA (Servicios Industriales de la
Marina), funded by the Korean Ministry of Ocean
and Fisheries (2021)

Egypt

Establishing the Intellectual Property Strategy (16/17)

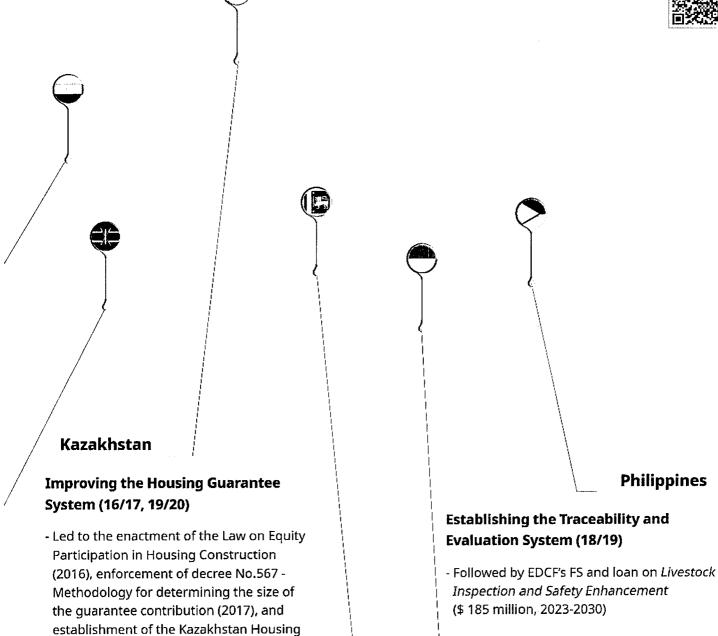
- Revised the Intellectual Property Law
- Developed into KOICA's project on improving the intellectual property automation system of the Egyptian Patent Office (2019~2022)

K	e	n	٧	a

Developing the Digital Media City (18/19, 20/21)

- Acquired land for the construction of the media and entertainment cluster
- Followed by a FS and ESIA on developing a digital media hub, and Economic Innovation Partnership Program on the *Development of the Konza Technopolis* (2021~2024)





Strengthening the Traffic Network Connectivity(16/17)

Sri Lanka

Guarantee Fund

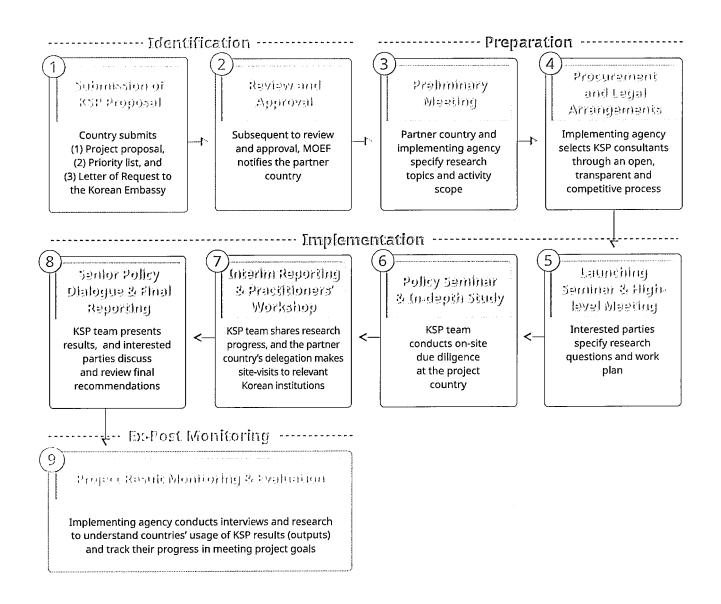
 Developed into EDCF loan to construct the Kandy Tunnel (\$ 199 million, 2021-2026) to reduce traffic congestion

Strengthening Response to COVID-19 (20/21)

Indonesia

- Supported the development of PeduliLindung (COVID-19 Tracing App)
- Served as a background paper for the White Paper on National Health System Reform (2022) and National Development Plan and Budget (2022)

PROJECT CYCLE



KSP PLUS

Countries may propose a KSP Plus, or a multiple-year KSP.



HOW TO SUBMIT A KSP PROPOSAL



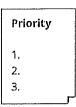
ODA Recipient Countries

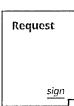
The partner institution prepares and submits the KSP project proposal(s) to the ODA coordinating institution.

Project Proposal

- The OD/A coordinating institution drafts a project priority list* and official letter of request, and submits all documents to the Korean Embassy.
 - * indicate national priority

Project Proposal



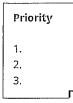


- The **Korean Embassy** delivers all documents to the **Korean Ministry of Economy and Finance**.
- If the proposal is approved, the **Korean**Ministry of Economy and Finance dispatches
 a Notification of Approval Letter to the ODA
 coordinating institution on the project year
 (2 years after submission on standard conditions).

Other Countries

- 1 The partner institution prepares and submits the KSP project proposal(s), project priority list, and official letter of request to the Korean Embassy.
 - * indicate institutional priority

Project Proposal







(2)
The **Korean Embassy** delivers all documents to the **Korean Ministry of Economy and Finance**.



If the proposal is approved, the **Korean**Ministry of Economy and Finance dispatches
a Notification of Approval Letter to the partner
institution on the project year (1 year after
submission)

Parties Interested

- (Partner Institution: ministries or government agencies applying for the KSP project
- **ODA Coordinating Institution**: public authority of the project country responsible for Official Development Assistance affairs
- ③ Korean Embassy: represents the Republic of Korea at the project country





Administered by:



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Implemented by:



Korea Development Institute

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